REGISTERED No. 1—1876.

The Bombay Gazette.

No. 8,627.—New Series. BOMBAY:—MONDAY, OCTOBER 2, 1876.

THE BOMBAY GAZETTE.

The Rates of Subscription to the *Bombay Gazette* will for the future be as follows:—

To Subscribers in Bombay—*Delivered free.*

In Advance.		*In Arrear.*	
Per Annum	Rs. 48	Per Annum	Rs. 6
Half-yearly	25	Half-yearly	31
Quarterly	13	Quarterly	16
Monthly	5	Monthly	6

To Subscribers Up-country.

In Advance.		*In Arrear*	
Per Annum	Rs. 52	Per Annum	Rs. 65
Half-yearly	29	Half-yearly	36
Quarterly	16	Quarterly	20
Monthly	6	Monthly	7

These Up-country Rates include Postage Rates

Single Copy ..... 4 As.

Price for back numbers varies according to time between 8 annas and Rs. 2.

TERMS FOR ADVERTISEMENTS.

Ten Lines and under—

First insertion	Rs. 5 0
Second do.	,, 2 8
Third do.	,, 2 8

Forth and succeeding insertions ... ,, 0 2½ As.

a line, but no Advertisement counted as less than eight lines.

LONG ADVERTISEMENTS.

First insertion	8 As. per Line.
Second do.	4½ ,, ,,
Third and succeeding	2½ ,, ,,

In the Native Languages, double the above.

For Advertisements which are to be inserted for a considerable me pecial contracts may be made.

SPECIAL SHORT ADVERTISEMENTS.

Advertisements of two or three lines relating to such matters Small Sales, Business Cards, Situations, Wanted or Servants Required, Houses or Lodgings to Let, Changes of Residence Articles Lost or Found.

The scale for Advertisements belonging to any of these classes will be as follows:—

Not exceeding three lines	Rs. 1 0
Each succeeding line	,, 0-8 As.

Advertisement exceeding five lines will be charged for at our present ordinary rates.

No Advertisement will be inserted for less than *One Rupee*, and payment must in all cases be made in *Cash*.

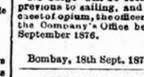
All Advertisements are charged according to the space occupied a Nonpareil, or smallest type, 12 lines of which go to the inch

Domestic Occurrences: Each—Rupees 2.

All Cheques, Money Orders, and other Remittances should be made payable to the "Proprietor of the *Bombay Gazette*."

SHIPPING.

WEEKLY STEAM COMMUNICATION WITH THE MALABAR COAST, CEYLON, MADRAS, AND CALCUTTA.



THE BRITISH INDIA STEAM NAVIGATION COMPANY (Limited), under contract with Government, will despatch the S.S. GOA, 1,005 Tons, 206 H.P., Commander J. Ayers, on SATURDAY, the 7th October 1876, at 4 P.M., calling at Ratnagherry, Vingorla, Goa, Carwar, Mangalore, Cannanore, Tellicherry, Calicut, Beypore, Cochin, Alleppey, Tuticorin, Colombo, Galle, Negapatam, Madras, Coconada, Vizagapatam, Bimlipatam, Cellingapatam, Gopalpore, False Point, and at any other place where inducement offers.

Cargo for Singapore and China can be booked for tonight by the steamers on this line hence or from intermediate ports for transhipment at Galle to the Steamers of the Compagnie des Messageries Maritimes de la France which run regularly.

N.B.—No Cargo will be received on the day of sailing.

W. NICOL & Co., Agents.

WEEKLY STEAM COMMUNICATION WITH THE PERSIAN GULF, via KURRACHEE.

Interchanging Cargo and Passengers at Bussorah, to and from Bagdad, with the Euphrates and Tigris Steam Navigation Company or other Steamers.

THE BRITISH INDIA STEAM NAVIGATION COMPANY (Limited), under Mail Contract with Government, will despatch the S.S. EUPHRATES, 803 Tons, 120 H.P., Commander N. R. Sayers, on FRIDAY, the 6th October, 1876, at 4 P.M., for the PERSIAN GULF, touching at KURRACHEE, MUSCAT, BUNDER ABBAS, LINGA, BUSHIRE, FAO, BUBREH, and occasionally at BAHREIN, and MAHOMERAH.

N.B.—No Cargo will be received on the day of sailing.

W. NICOL & Co., Agents.

BI-WEEKLY STEAM COMMUNICATION WITH KURRACHEE.

THE BRITISH INDIA STEAM NAVIGATION COMPANY (Limited), under Mail Contract with Government, will, during the Fair Season, despatch a Steamer to Kurrachee every FRIDAY, at 4 P.M., and an Extra Steamer on every MONDAY, at 2 P.M.

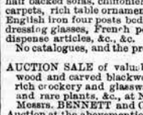
The S.S. AKOLA, 577 Tons, 130 H.P., Commander T. M. Williams, will be despatched on MONDAY, the 2nd October 1876, at 2 P.M., calling at Veraval, Porte Bunder and Mundvie.

The S. S. EUPHRATES, 803 Tons, 120 H.P., Commander N. R. Sayers, will be despatched on FRIDAY, the 6th October 1876, at 4 P.M.

N.B.—No Cargo will be received on the day of sailing.

W. NICOL & Co. Agents.

STEAM COMMUNICATION WITH ITALY, *VIA* SUEZ CANAL.



ITALIAN STEAM NAVIGATION COMPANY of Messrs. RUBATTINO & Co., GENOA.

THE REGULAR STEAMERS LEAVE

GENOA, and BOMBAY on the 24th, on the 1st of each month.

PASSENGERS' RATES.

(Inclusive of all Transit Fees through the Suez Canal.)

	1st Class	2nd Class.	3rd Class.		
Aden	£22	£15	£4	Including Wines	Without food
Suez	36	22	8		
Port Said	38	24	9		
Messina	50	34	14		
Naples	50	34	14		
Leghorn	50	34	14		
Genoa	50	34	14		
Marseilles	55	36	14-10		

Children under 3 years—free of charge. Children not above 10 years—half fare.

NEXT STEAMERS FROM BOMBAY:—

SUMATRA to sail on SUNDAY, 1st October 1876.

ASSYRIA, to sail on SUNDAY, 15th October.

BATAVIA to sail on WEDNESDAY, 1st November 1876.

AUSTRALIA to sail on FRIDAY, 1st December 1876.

SUMATRA to sail on MONDAY, 1st January 1877.

All Steamers of this Company have large First and Second class accommodation; and always carry a Doctor and a Stewardess on board.

The exact hour of departure will be fixed and published a day or two previous to sailing.

For hand-books of information, rates of freight, &c, apply to

C. GRONDONA,
Agent Rubattino Steam Navigation Company,
No. 9, Hummum Street.

Bombay July 1876

NOTICE.

CONSIGNEES per Steamer ZERBINO are hereby informed of the ARRIVAL of the Vessel, and REQUESTED to TAKE DELIVERY AT ONCE of their respective GOODS. No CLAIM of any kind will be PAID after the DEPARTURE of the Steamer unless it be previously passed by the Captain.

W. NICOL & Co., Agents.

Bombay, 27th September 1876.

NOTICE.

CONSIGNEES of CARGO per Steamer EUROPEAN, Sidebotham, Commander, from LIVERPOOL are REQUESTED to SEND their BILLS of LADING and DELIVERY ORDERS for our countersignature and to TAKE DELIVERY of their respective GOODS without delay.

No CLAIMS of any kind will be admitted under any circumstances, unless passed by the Captain before departure of the Vessel.

RITCHIE, STEUART & Co.,
Agents for Captain.

Bombay, 25th September 1876.

NOW READY,
SUGGESTIONS REGARDING THE
NEW CODE OF CIVIL PROCEDURE.
BY
W. WEDDERBURN, Bombay Civil Service.
PRICE ONE RUPEE.
May be had at the BOMBAY GAZETTE Office.

DR. F. B. SEERVAI,
SURGEON DENTIST,
No. 2, HORNBY ROW,
Opposite the New General Post Office.

SPECIAL SHORT ADVERTISEMENTS.

WANTED, a EUROPEAN BANDMASTER. Applications with Testimonials to be addressed to BAND SECRETARY, 3rd Regiment N. L. I., Kolhapore.

J. & W. TOLLEY'S D. B. SHOT GUNS, Single and Double EXPRESS RIFLES. Apply to N. V. CURRANEE & Co., opposite the Custom House.

FOR SALE, a Second-hand 4lb. CARRE'S AMMONIA ICE MACHINE, very little used. ROGERS & Co., Chemists & General Agents.

THE NATIONAL CLUB (YOUNG MAN'S CRICKET CLUB) OPENS THIS DAY. The presence of members, in the Club Tent facing the Bandstand, is requested. PIRBHA D. DAYAL, Honorary Secretary.

SHIPPING.

PENINSULAR AND ORIENTAL COMPANY.

THE following or other first-class Vessels will be despatched for EUROPE:—

Vessels.	Tons.	H.P.	Captains.	Oct. 1876.
VENETIA	2,726	450	...G. J. Babbage	2nd—Suez, &c.
BOKHARA	2,932	450	...W. D. Anderson	9th—Southampton.
AVOCA	1,482	250	...E. G. Stead	16th—Suez, &c.
HYDASPES	2,984	450	...D. Reasnell-on	23rd—Southampton.
THIBET	2,583	400	.. C. H. Eastley	30th—Suez, &c.
MALWA	2,933	450	...P. S. Tomlin	Nov. 1876. 6th—Southampton

Passengers are booked to Malta, Gibraltar and Southampton by every Mail. The Southampton Steamers proceed to that port direct; but by the alternate Steamers Passengers change vessels at Suez.

Passengers to Brindisi, Ancona, and Venice are carried by every Steamer, but proceed by rail from Suez to Alexandria.

Heavy Baggage must be sent to Masagon, on the day of the Steamer's departure, before 10 A.M., in order that it may be weighed and labelled previous to shipment.

A small Steamer will leave the New Dock Head at Masagon at 3 P.M. precisely, on the day of sailing.

GEORGE F. HENRY, Superintendent.

Bombay, 25th Sept. 1876.

STEAM TO CEYLON, PENANG, STRAITS, CHINA, AND JAPAN.

On TUESDAY, the 3rd Oct. 1876, at 3 P.M., from Mazagon.

THE P. and O. Co.'s S.S. LOMBARDY, Captain W. B. Hall, (2,723 Tons and 450 H.P.), will be despatched as above, carrying Mails and taking also passengers and Cargo for Madras and Calcutta.

No Cargo will be received on board after sunset on the day previous to sailing, and no brokerage will be allowed on any chest of opium, the officer's receipt for which is not lodged in the Company's Office before noon, on SATURDAY, the 30th September 1876.

GEORGE F. HENRY,
Bombay, 18th Sept. 1876. Superintendent.

ANCHOR LINE—INDIAN SERVICE.

BOMBAY TO LIVERPOOL, VIA SUEZ CANAL.

THE following or other First Class Steamers of the ANCHOR LINE will sail from GLASGOW and LIVERPOOL to PORT SAID, SUEZ, and BOMBAY, and from BOMBAY to SUEZ, PORT SAID, GIBRALTAR, and LIVERPOOL:—

	Tons	H.P.	From Glasgow.	From Liverpool.	From Bombay.
INDIA	2289	500	.....	21st Oct.	
MACEDONIA	2292	846	.....	7th Oct.	18th Nov.
TRINACRIA	2107	424	25th Oct.	1st Nov.	13th Dec.

And regularly thereafter, further sailings being arranged according to the requirements of the trade.

All the Steamers of this Line carry a SURGEON and a STEWARDESS, and have superior First-class accommodation, fitted with every convenience.

Passengers and Cargo booked through to New York in connection with the Anchor Line Trans-Atlantic Service.

FARES FROM BOMBAY TO LIVERPOOL.

FIRST CLASS ..... Rs. 500

A reduction of 15 per cent. will be given on Return Passages to all who re-embark by Anchor Line Steamers within twelve months of time of landing.

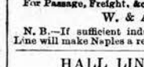
For Passage, Freight, &c., apply to

W. & A. GRAHAM & Co., Agents.

N. B.—If sufficient inducement offers the Steamers of this Line will make Naples a regular port of call.

HALL LINE OF STEAMERS.

CITY OF BALTIMORE will Sail for Liverpool on the 11th Oct.



THIS Steamer has now made four Voyages to Bombay.

The 1st in 24 days, including all stoppages.
The 2nd ,, 25 ,, ,,
The 3rd ,, 25 ,, ,,
The 4th ,, 24 ,, ,,

She has lately been fitted with accommodation for Passengers, and her Cabins being on Deck, are well Ventilated. The arrangements and furnishings of the Cabins have been made with the special object of suiting the convenience of Indian Passengers.

For passage, &c., apply to

W. & A. GRAHAM & Co.,
Agents.

Bombay, 27th September 1876.

SALES BY AUCTION.

BENNETT AND COMPANY,
No. 4, FORBES STREET.

AUCTION SALE of valuable and household furniture, plated, glass, and porcelainware, a first class piano, plants, &c., at Victoria Road, Byculla.

On FRIDAY, the 6th October, at 1 P.M., Messrs. BENNETT and Co. are instructed to sell by Public Auction, at the abovementioned place, the valuable and handsome household furniture, piano, &c., the property of a gentleman leaving Bombay.

Full particulars will be given hereafter.

AUCTION SALE of very valuable and handsome household furniture, Elkington's plateware, rich engraved glass and crockerywares, &c., at Breach Candy.

On FRIDAY, the 13th October, at 1 P.M., Messrs. BENNETT & Co. are instructed to sell by Public Auction at his residence, at the abovementioned place, the valuable and handsome household furniture, &c., the property of John Warden, Esq.

Also, a piano by John Broadwood & Sons, the property of J. O'Leary, Esq.

Full particulars will be given hereafter.

AUCTION SALE of valuable and handsome French polished household furniture, plated glass and porcelainwares, &c., at No. 89, New Foras Road, next to the Byculla Cottages.

On WEDNESDAY, the 4th October, at 1 P.M., Messrs. BENNETT and Co. are instructed to sell by Public Action, at the abovementioned place, the valuable and handsome French polished household furniture, &c., the property of a gentleman proceeding up-country, the same comprises, glass were, dinner service, plated ware, such as a set of dish covers cruet and pickle stands, waiters, biscuit box, table and piano candlesticks, cutlery, &c., handsome French polished furniture, such as dining table, mallet pattern chairs, whatnot, teapoys, handsome circular and pier tables, easy and drawingroom chairs, half backed sofas, chiffonier, handsome Brussels and Cambay carpets, rich table ornaments, a musical box playing 8 tunes, English iron four posts bedstead, dressing and washing tables, dressing glasses, French polished clothes presses, wardrobes, dispense articles, &c., &c.

No catalogues, and the property is now on view.

AUCTION SALE of valuable and handsome English walnut-wood and carved blackwood hou-ehold furniture, best plated rich crockery and glasswares, a valuable collection of choice and rare plants, &c., at No. 31, Parell (Sooparee Bagh Road.) Messrs. BENNETT and Co. are instructed to sell by Public Auction at the abovementioned place the valuable and handsome English walnutwood and carved blackwood household furniture, plants, &c., the property of T. B. Bashford, Esq.

The day will be fixed hereafter and catalogues published.

BENNETT & Co.

Bombay, 2nd October 1876.

JEHANGHIER HORMUSJEE & COMPANY, No. 12, APOLLO STREET, FORT.

FOR THE DEWALEE HOLIDAY.

AUCTION SALE OF SPLENDID PIER GLASSES, from 3 to 6 Light Chandeliers, Set of Glass-ware Plated-ware, &c., &c.

Messrs. JEHANGHER HORMUSJEE & Co. will sell by Public Auction, at their Rooms, on WEDNESDAY next, the 4th instant, at 1 P.M., the following:—

3 pairs of square and oblong pier glasses in rich gilt frames.
2, 3, 4 and 6 light chandeliers, which can be used either by gas or candle.
1 case of sample things consisting of open face watches, rubber tobacco pouches in forms of crabs, fishes, revolver, knife, figures, and also a few watch guards, ladies boots, &c.
1 case of superior electro plated-ware consisting of butter pots, salt cellars, cruet frames, pepper pots, tea sets, waiters, pewter tea pots, glass and plated table candlesticks, double branched table candlesticks, &c.
Few sets of glass-ware of different patterns.
Few oil painting pictures, time keeper table lamp, palanquin time-pieces, &c.
1 superior gilted large size clock under dome, striking hours and half hours and playing music every hour.
On account and at the risk of Messrs. Ardaseer & Co.—

R P B / R N J 102—1 case containing 25 dozen tin wall lamps with chimnies.

JEHANGHIER HORMUSJEE & Co.

Bombay, 2nd October 1876.

MENESSE AND COMPANY.

On THURSDAY next, the 5th instant, Messrs. MENESSE & Co. will hold their Usual Weekly Auction Sale at their rooms, a quantity of grey and coloured piece goods, twist, &c., &c.

Few cwts. of navy biscuits.
6 cases bed tickings.
15 bales grey shirtings, 6 lbs.
25 drums printing ink.
On account and at the risk of Morarjee Premjee—
F & Co—25-33—9 bales grey shirtings 29 inch 7 lbs.

MENESSE & Co.

Bombay, 2nd October 1876.

DR. BRIGHT'S PHOSPHODYNE.

A LARGE SUPPLY on hand. Usual DISCOUNT to the TRADE.

AGENTS.—D. S. KEMP & Co., BOMBAY.

CAPTAIN BURTON'S
TONIC BITTERS.

USED with invariable benefit and STRONGLY RECOMMENDED by that Eminent Traveller.

Per Bottle—Rs. 2.

D. S. KEMP & Co.,
SASSOON HOUSE, BOMBAY.

LIQUOR CHIRETTINÆ
AND
SACCHARO-CHIRETTINE

Are prompt and powerful Tonics; adapted to patients of all ages, and incapable of deranging the most delicate functions. In Nervous and Muscular Lassitude and in want of Appetite they are invaluable.

Per Bottle
Liq. Chirettinæ, Rs. 2-8 and Rs. 4-8.
Sacch. Chirettine, ,, 1-8 and ,, 2-8.

D. S. KEMP & CO.,
7, ELPHINSTONE CIRCLE, BOMBAY

NEW ADVERTISEMENTS.

HALL LINE OF STEAMERS.

BOMBAY TO LIVERPOOL.
(VIA SUEZ CANAL.)

The following fine powerful Steamers will sail from Bombay as under:—

S. S. CITY OF BALTIMORE on the 11th October.
,, TRENTHAM HALL at the end of October.
,, BRANKSOME HALL to follow.

THESE Steamers have been especially built for the Bombay Trade, and have already become known for their speed. The Saloon and Cabins are handsomely got up, and a Surgeon and Stewardess are carried by all the Steamers of the Line.

FARES FROM BOMBAY.

First Class.

TO LIVERPOOL ..... Rs. 500

For Rates of Passage Money and for any further particulars apply to

W. & A. GRAHAM & Co., Agents,
Bombay, 30th September 1876.

LOTTERY.
BY PERMISSION OF GOVERNMENT,
IN AID OF ST. FRANCIS XAVIER'S CHURCH.

Rupees 25,000 to be distributed in cash in 1,916 prizes.

EACH TICKET ONE RUPEE.

TICKETS to be SOLD at Messrs MEHRJEE, JOHNSTON & Co.; JEHANGER HORMUSJEE & Co.; SINGER SEWING MACHINE AGENCY; Mr. B. X. FURTADO, Catholic Book-seller, Kalbadevi Road; Dr. J. N. FONSECA at Dhobie Talao and Dr. F. J. L. D'SOUZA at Khotwady.

Now Ready, 8vo. Cloth, 496 Pages, Rs. 8.

AN
ANNUAL DIGEST
OF
ALL THE INDIAN CASES,
Reported during the year.
BY
ANDREW LYON, M. A., Bombay C. S.,
Barrister-at-Law.
VOLUME I, 1874-5.
TO BE CONTINUED ANNUALLY.

THACKER, VINING & CO., BOMBAY.

THE VOLKART'S UNITED PRESS COMPANY, LIMITED.

NOTICE.

IN accordance with a Resolution passed at the General Meeting of Shareholders held on the 30th September a DIVIDEND at the rate of Rs. 75 per share will be PAYABLE to the Registered Shareholders at the Office of the Undersigned on and after 5th October on PRODUCTION of SHARE CERTIFICATES.

By Order of the Board of Directors,
VOLKART BROTHERS,
Secretaries and Treasurers.

Bombay, 30th September 1876.

BHOWNUGGUR MILLS AND PRESS COMPANY, LIMITED.

AN INTERIM DIVIDEND for the half-year ending 30th June last of Rs. 100 per share is PAYABLE at the Office of the Company on and after FRIDAY, 13th October 1876. Rupees Twenty-two and Annas Eight per share are also payable to the holders of the first issue of Preference Quarter Shares as an Interim Dividend for the same period.

The Directors invite applications for the 400 remaining unallotted Preference Quarter Shares of Rs. 500 each.

Applications will be received up to 31st October 1876.

By Order of the Directors,
FORBES & Co., Secretaries and Managers,
Bhownuggur Mills and Press Company, Limited.
405, Elphinstone Circle, 2nd October 1876.

IMPERIAL FIRE INSURANCE COMPANY.
ESTABLISHED 1803.

CAPITAL—One Million Six Hundred Thousand Pounds.

POLICIES of INSURANCE against FIRE upon Houses, Mills and other Buildings, Household Furniture, Goods, Wares, and Merchandises, in Bombay and its up-country, issued, on behalf of the above Company, at most favourable rates, by the Undersigned, from whom full particulars may be obtained.

BENN, ASHLEY & Co.,
Agents.

SUN FIRE OFFICE, LONDON.
ESTABLISHED 1710.

INSURANCES effected upon Merchandize, Warehouses, Shops, Dwelling-houses and their contents, in Bombay and the Mofussil, at the current rates.

CLAIMS arranged by the local Agents, and paid with promptitude and liberality.

PEEL, CASSELS & Co., Agents.

THE MANCHESTER FIRE ASSURANCE COMPANY.
ESTABLISHED 1824.
CAPITAL—ONE MILLION STERLING.

The Undersigned have been appointed AGENTS of the Manchester Fire Assurance Company, and are prepared to issue Policies upon Houses, Mills, and other Buildings, Household Furniture, Merchandise, Shipping, &c.

GADDUM & Co., Agents in Bombay.

LETTS'S DIARY FOR 1877, all Shapes and Sizes.

COOPER & Co., Meadow Street, Bombay.

XMAS AND NEW YEAR CARDS.—Latest designs.

COOPER & Co., Meadow Street, Bombay.

HOUSEHOLD COMPANION, Combining in one (I) Adjustable Wrench: (II) Hammer: (III) Nail Claw: (IV) Cas Burner Tongs: (V) Scraper: (VI) Screw Driver: (VII) Nut crack: (VIII) Cork Prosser: (IX) Six-inch Rule: (X) Straight Edge: (XI) Box Opener: (XII) Carpet Stretcher; each Rs. 4.

COOPER & Co., Meadow Street, Bombay.

RANSOME'S POCKET INKSTANDS, each Rs. 4-8 and Rs. 9.

COOPER & Co., Meadow Street, Bombay.

DOUBLE SPRING POCKET INKSTANDS, each Rs. 2-8 and Rs. 3.

COOPER & Co., Meadow Street, Bombay.

GLADSTONE TIME PIECES, each Rs. 8.

COOPER & Co., Meadow Street, Bombay.

COPYING INK PENCILS, each Annas 8.

COOPER & Co., Meadow Street, Bombay.

DRY PROCESS COPYING INK, per bottle Rs. 2 and Rs. 3.

COOPER & Co., Meadow Street, Bombay.

PERPETUAL PENHOLDERS, in aluminium, each Re. 1-4.
Do. Do. common, each Annas 8.

COOPER & Co., Meadow Street, Bombay.

DUCHESS TOILET STAND, each Rs. 2.

COOPER & Co., Meadow Street, Bombay.

UNIVERSAL STAIN REMOVER, each Rs. 3-8.

COOPER & Co., Meadow Street, Bombay.

HORMUSJEE SORABJEE.

NEW BOOKS.

Standing Orders of the Royal Artillery, 1876	2 0
Official Monthly Army List for August	1 8
In a Winter City; by Onida	3 4
Little Wide-Awake: a Story Book for Little Children; by Mrs. Barker	3 4
Good things: a picturesque Magazine for Boys and Girls	2 4
Freeman's Historical and Architectural Sketches	6 12
Campbell's say Circular Notes, extracts from Journals, &c, 2 vols. Illustrated	15 12
The Adventures of Captain Mago, from the French of Léon Cahun	6 12
The Graphic: Special Extra Number of the Prince's Tour, 1st and 2nd, each	1 0
Tom Burke; by C. Lever, 2 vols. New Ill. Edn	4 8
The Ready Reckoner, for Wages, Rents, Mercantile and Banking Accounts in Rupees, Dollars, and Sterling; by J. B. Henriques	3 0
Manning's Sanitary Work Abroad	1 4
Brad haw's Continental Guide for August	2 8
Eastern Persia: an Account of the Journeys of the Persian Boundary Commission; by Sir F. J. Goldsmid and W. T. Blandford, 2 vols, Illustrated	26 4
Medows' Manual of Midwifery, 1876	6 12
Bryant's Practice of Surgery, 2 vols	15 12
Braithwaite's Retrospect of Medicine, vol January to June 1876	4 4
Garrod's Essentials of Materia Medica and Therapeutics, New Edn. 1875	8 2
The History of the Jewish Church; by Dean Stanley 3, series, with Maps	8 12
Routledge's Every Boys' Annual, 1877	3 12
Gold for India; or Remarks upon the Depreciation of the Rupee, its Causes, Effects and Remedy; by L. G. Hynes	1 0
Oakshott Castle, being the Memoir of an Eccentric Nobleman; by H. Kingsley	3 12
The Roof of the World, being a Narrative over the High Plateau of Tibet, &c; by Lt-Col T. E. Gordon	19 12
Wilson's Prehistoric Man, Researches into the origin of Civilization in the Old and the New World, 2 vols	22 12
India in 1875-76: The visit of the Prince of Wales; a Chronicle of his Royal Highness' Journeyings by Geo. Wheeler	7 8
Proctor's The Sun, Ruler, Fire, Light and Life of the Planetary System; by R. A. Proctor, 3rd Edn. 1876	8 12
Spiritualism and Allied Causes and Conditions of Nervous Derangements; by W. A. Hammond	8
The Textile Colonist: a Journal of Bleeching, Printing and Dyeing, &c. Vol I	13 4
The Geographical Distributions of Animals; by A. R. Wallace, with Maps and Illustration, 2 vols	26 4
Grant on Diseases of the bladder, Edn 1876	6 12
The Pearl Fountain and other Tales by B. & J Cavanah	3 12
Hunter's (Dr. W. W.) Life of the Earl of Mayo, 2nd Edn, 2 vols	15 12
Macnamara's History of Cholera, 1876	6 12
London Society, vol Jan. to June 1876	6 12
Pearson's English History in the 14th Century (Historical Handbook)	2 4
The Bertram Family; by the Author of Chronicles of the Schonberg Cotta Family	4 4
Molesworth's Pocket Book of Engineering Formula, Edn. 1876	3 12
Dead Men's Shoes; by Miss M. E. Braddon	1 4
Ainsley's Engineers' Manual of the Local Marine Board Examinations, with Suppl ment. New End 1875	6 12
Reed's Do Do	3 12
Spon's Workshop Receipts	3 4
Forney's Catechism of the Locomotive	5 12
Wilson's Treatise on the Steam Boiler, Edn 1876	3 12
Eide's Management of Steel	3 12
Handbook of European Commerce; what to buy and where to buy it; by Geo. Sauer	3

Letts's Diaries for 1877.
Above will arrive by the next Mail, in all Shapes and Sizes.
HORMUSJEE SORABJEE.
26, Meadow Street.

TREACHER & COMPANY, LD.,
WINE MERCHANTS.

BY APPOINTMENT.

ESTABLISHED IN THIS PRESIDENCY FOR HALF A CENTURY.

AGENCIES IN THE CONTINENTAL WINE DISTRICTS AT

XEREZ.	AVIZE.	BORDEAUX.
ALTO DOURO.	EPERNAY.	COGNAC.
MADEIRA	RHEIMS.	COBLENTZ.

LONDON OFFICES:
38A, KING WILLIAM STREET.
HEAD OFFICE AND GODOWNS:—BYCULLA, BOMBAY.

CONSTITUENTS and intending Purchasers are respectfully solicited to test the quality of our Brands when comparing our quotations with those of competing Houses, and also to note that the quotations include LOSS BY EXCHANGE, IMPORT AND TOWN DUTIES, AND ALL OTHER CHARGES, BEING FREE DELIVERY FROM OUR GODOWNS.

CASH PRICES.

SHERRIES.

	Per Dozen Quarts.	Pints.
AMONTILLADO, superior, very old and choice ..... Rs.	49 0	...
OLOROSO, pale soft, fine flavour	49 0	...
MANZANILLA, very dry and pale, unsurpassed for delicacy and purity	31 0	...
GOLDEN, a rich nutty-flavoured Dessert Wine	31 0	...
OLD DRY, very superior, soft and dry ...	31 0	...

	Per Dozen. Quarts.	Pints.
VINO DE PASTO, a good generous Dinner WINE ..... Rs.	28 0	...
PALE DINNER, an excellent light Wine for general use	24 0	...
YELLOW SEAL, pale and light	18 0	...
MARSALA	18 0	...
MADEIRA, E. India, selected, old and very fine	35 0	...

PORTS.

SUPERIOR OLD, tawny, with fine Bouquet and character ..... Rs.	35 0	19 0	FINE OLD, possessing good body and flavour ..... Rs. 30 0 16 0
			WHITE SEAL, rich and fruity ..... 20 0 ...

CHAMPAGNES.

F. GIESLER & Co.'s "for India" brand. Rs	50	0	27	8	FINE SPARKLING ..... Rs.	34 0 ...
PERRIER JOUET & Co.'s do. ...	49	0	26	8	SUPERIOR SPARKLING SAUMUR ...	30 0 16 8
DRY SILLERY	41	0	22	8	SPARKLING SAUMUR	27 0 ...

STILL HOCKS.

JOHANNISBERG ..... Rs.	44	0	...		HOCHHEIM ..... Rs.	26 0 14 0
LIEBFRAUMILCH	38	0	19	8	STEINWEIN (Glass Jugs)	26 0 ...
NIERSTEIN	28	0	15	0	LAUBENHEIM	19 0 11 0

SPARKLING HOCKS.

FINEST SPARKLING EHRENBRETSTEIN ..... Rs.	44	0	24	0	SUPERIOR SPARKLING ..... Rs.	36 0 20 0

STILL MOSELLES.

SCHARZBERG ..... Rs.	35	0	18	8	MUSCATEL MOSELLE ..... Rs.	... 14 0
SUPERIOR MOSELLE	30	0	16	8	WINNINGEN	21 0 ...

SPARKLING MOSELLES.

FINEST SPARKLING NONPAREIL. Rs	43	0	23	8	FINE SPARKLING ..... Rs.	34 0 ...
SUPERIOR SPARKLING	36	0	20	8		

CLARETS.

BORDEAUX { Excellent Cup or Breakfast Wines } ... Rs.	10	0	...		CHATEAU LAGRANGE ..... Rs.	22 0 12 0
PETIT MEDOCK { Breakfast Wines } ...	13	8	7	12	CHATEAU LAROSE { Superior after Dinner Wines }	27 0 15 0
MEDOCK, Superior	16	8	9	12	CHATEAU MARGAUX { Dinner Wines }	33 0 17 8

SAUTERNES.

HAUT SAUTERNES, very rich and fine. Rs.	32	0	...		BARSAC, light Table Wine ..... Rs.	20 0 ...
SAUTERNES, delicate flavour	24	0	...			

STILL BURGUNDIES.

CHAMBERTIN ..... Rs.	31	0	17	0	BEAUNE ..... Rs.	19 0 10 8
POMMARD	26	0	14	0	CHABLIS	17 0 ...
MACON	24	0	13	0		

SPARKLING BURGUNDIES.

SPARKLING BURGUNDY, Red, a rich fruity Wine ..... Rs.	40	0	22	0	SPARKLING BURGUNDY, White, a rich fruity Wine ..... Rs.	40 0 22 0

SPIRITS.

COGNAC, Fine Old Pale, Treacher's celebrated Heart labelled, a choice matured Spirit ..... Rs.	32	0	...		WHISKEY, Irish, Kinahan's celebrated L. L.	23 8 ...
COGNAC, Old Pale	28	0	...		WHISKEY, Scotch; Crabbie's ..... Rs.	21 0 ...
COGNAC, Pale, a good Peg Brandy	24	0	...		Do. Fine Old Glenlivat (Treacher's special blend)	23 8 ...
GIN, London Old Tom	18	8	...		HENNESSY'S BRANDY*	23 8 ...
HOLLANDS GENEVA, per case of 15 large flasks (De Kuyper's)	28	0	...		Do. do. **	32 8 ...
RUM, Finest Old Jamaica	23	8	...		Do. do. ***	34 8 ...
					MOUNIE'S Vine Leaf do.	27 0 ...
					MARTELL'S do.	27 0 ...
					EXSHAW'S No. 1 do.	39 8 ...

LIQUEURS AND BITTERS.

CURACAO, Amsterdam, Orange or White	4	0	2	4	VERMOUTH ..... per bottle.	1 8 ...
MARASCHINO DIZARA, (the finest) ,,	3	12	2	0	MILK PUNCH ..... ,,	... 1 12
CHERRY BRANDY, best Copenhagen ,,	2	12	1	8	FREEMASON'S LIQUEUR ..... ,,	... 1 12
CHARTREUSE from the { Green ..... ,,	7	0	3	12	GINGER WINE ..... per dozen.	17 0 ...
{ Yellow ..... ,,	5	12	3	0	ORANGE BITTERS ..... ,,	18 0 10 0
Monastery ..... ,,	3	12	...		ANGOSTURA BITTERS ..... ,,	44 0 27 0
GOLD WATER, Dantzig Brandy ..... ,,	3	8	2	0	POMALO & ORANGE BITTERS CONCENTRATED, Rs. & Co.'s ..... } Pints.	... 12 0
CREME DE NOYEAU, best ..... ,,	3	8	...		BRANDY BITTERS	
CREME DE CITRONELLE ..... ,,	3	4	1	12	WINE BITTERS	
CREME DE ROSE ..... ,,	3	4	1	12		
CREME DE VANILLE ..... ,,	3	4	1	12		
ANISETTE ..... ,,	3	4	...			

COMMERCIAL INTELLIGENCE

SATURDAY EVENING, 30TH SEPT. 1876.

THE Liverpool Cotton Market on Friday closed quiet but steady, sales 12,000 bales, and to-day dull, sales 6,000 bales. Prices as quoted by Reuter are without change of any kind, and there is nothing new to notice in the position and prospects of the market.

The total visible supply of Cotton for all Europe on the 29th instant compared with the two previous years is as follows :—

	1876.	1875.	1874.
Total supply of all kinds...	1,720,000	1,669,400	1,772,290
" " Surats.....	570,000	784,000	828,290

For the U. K. only the figures of supply for the three years are as follows :—

	1876.	1875.	1874.
Stock in Liverpool.....	720,000	713,250	730,890
Do. London.....	84,625	66,420	110,290
American Afloat.....	30,000	15,000	19,000
E. Indian "	160,000	221,000	221,000
	944,625	1,015,670	1,181,010
Price of Mid. Orleans.....	6¼d.	7 3-16d.	8¼d.
" Fair Dhollera ...	4 7-16d.	4 11-16d.	5 3 16d.
Difference	1 11-16d.	2¼d.	3 1-16d.

The American crop figures to date give the following comparisons with the two previous years :—

	1876.	1875.	1874.
Week's Receipts	93,000	79,000	60,000
" Exports to U. K.....	14,000	8,000	15,000
" " Continent...	2,000	4,900	2,000
Total Receipts since 1st Sept.	221,000	184,400	155,000
" Exports to U. K., " ...	41,000	17,300	23,000
" " Continent " ...	6,000	8,900	3,000
Stocks at the Ports.....	223,000	161,000	159,000

Friday's Piece Goods Market in Manchester was steady at the same quotations as on Tuesday.

In London to-day, Coffee was firm at previous prices. Ceylon Cocoanut Oil is unchanged, but Cochin is 10s. per ton higher. Bombay Linseed has advanced 6d. per quarter, as also Ferozepore Rapeseed. Calcutta Seeds are unchanged on the week.

On Friday French Rentes declined from 106¾ to 106¼, at which they are still quoted. Consols declined from 96⅞ to 96⅜, but have advanced to-day to 96⅝. Enfaced Rupee Paper is again partially ¼ higher, Fours being quoted at £84¾; Fours-and-a-half £85; Fives-and-a-half still at £86⅛.

Bar Silver remains at 52¼d. per oz., but Exchange on India has receded to 1s. 8 1/16d. per Rupee.

STERLING EXCHANGE here to-day has been quiet, with only a limited business doing and a decidedly easier tendency as regards rates. In the morning rates opened on the basis of 1s. 8 1 16d. for demand Bank Bills, but during the day a decline of 1-16d. was established at which the market closed weak. The Banks have shown increased willingness to buy both ready and for future delivery, but there has been next to nothing offering either way, nor is there likely to be for some time to come. We quote :—

Bank Bills on demand .....1s. 8d.		per Rupee
Do 6 months' sight...1s. 8⅛d.		"
Credits 3 " ...1s. 8 5/16d.		"
Documents 3 " ...1s. 8 5/16d. to 3⅛d.		"

On Calcutta we have not heard of anything being done yet, and rates are quite nominal at 1-16 premium for demand, 9 16 per cent. discount for 60 days' sight.

GOVERNMENT PAPER is unaltered in every way. There are no buyers and quotations are unreliable. Nominally we call Fours Rs. 100¾; Fours-and-a-half Rs. 101, Fives-and-a-half, Rs. 103¼.

SHARES continue very dull. Speculation seems to have deserted the market for the time being, and even Spinning and Weaving shares are dull and declining, our list of quotations showing a fall of Rs. 25 in Bhownugger Mills, Rs. 5 in Broach Mills, Rs. 5 in Orientals, Rs. 5 in Sassoons and Rs. 10 in Sholapore Spinning and Weaving. Colaba Land shares are Rs. 5 lower.

In COTTON business continues to be restricted to the local demand. Considerable supplies of Bhownugger and Veravul are beginning to come in, which makes sellers more easy to deal with, and in some cases Dholleras descriptions are Rs. 2 per candy easier, but our currencies are still much too high to admit of any extent of export business being done.

FREIGHTS are unaltered in every respect. By Canal £1-13-9 is the quotation for Liverpool for Cotton and £1-10 for Wheat, and only small quantities are available at these rates.

PIECE GOODS are quiet but comparatively steady. From first hands transactions are on a very small scale, but a moderate business is doing from the bazaar at previous rates.

SHIPPING INTELLIGENCE

...on Saturday last for Coast and Cutch, with a general cargo and one hundred deck passengers.

MESSRS. R. RUBATTINO Co's s.s. SUMATRA, 1,382 tons, Captain G. Caboara, sailed yesterday for Genoa, &c., via the Suez Canal, with a general cargo.

THE B. I. S. N. Co's s.s. MALDA, Captain J. Lang, sailed on Saturday last for Cutch and Calcutta, with a general cargo and the following passengers :—Lieut. F. J. Murphy, and thirty deck passengers.

THE A. H. Lloyd Co.'s ss. CALIPSO, 1,259 tons Captain F. Enger, sailed on Saturday last for Trieste &c., via the Suez Canal, with a general cargo and the following passengers :—Mr. A. C. Gumpert, Mr. H. Diomond, Mr. Dastop, and eighteen deck passengers.

DEPARTURES.

Sept.	Vessels.	Commanders.	Destination.
30	Malda (s).....	Lang	Coast and Calcutta.
	Calipso(s).....	Enger.....	Trieste &c.
	Gorun (s).....	Baker.....	Coast and Cutch.
Oct.1	Sumatra (s).....	Caboara.....	Genoa, &c

The ship Royal Diadem, to Calcutta, was entered out for loading on Saturday last.

CALCUTTA.

Sept.	ARRIVALS.		
26	Cydonia (s).....	Downie	Aden, Sept 10.
	Chusan	Cox	London, June 2.
27	S tara (s).....	Fiorini	Camorta, Sept 13.
	Star of Bengal	Smyth	London, June 30.
Sept.	DEPARTURES.		
26	Elora.....	.....	.....
	Lady Belhaven	.....	.....
27	Gorgia (s).....	.....	.....
	Reliance (s)	.....	.....
	Bowfell	.....	.....
	Knowsley Hall	.....	.....
	Royal Alexandra ...	.....	.....
	Schleswig Bride.....	.....	.....

MADRAS.

Sept.	ARRIVALS.		
28	Socotra (s).....	.....	Bombay.
	Tenasserim (s).....	.....	Calcutta.
	Ethan Allen	.....	Galle.
Sept.	DEPARTURES.		
27	Meinam (s)	.....	Pondicherry and Galle.
	Nizam (s).....	.....	Calcutta.
28	Tena-serim(s).....	.....	Coconada.
29	Madura (s	.....	Bombay.
	Socotra (s).....	.....	Calcutta.

DAILY IMPORTS—SEPTEMBER 30TH.

FROM LIVERPOOL.

Ranown s—33 cases tobacco, Lallchund Ramchun*.
European s—27 packages portwine, Dhunjeebhoy Cowasjee.
Zerbino s—131 boxes bar soap, Manockjee Bhicajee.

FROM LONDON.

Hydaspes s—21 casks beer, Monockjee Jamsetjee ; 2 cases bacon —and 3 cases cheese, C Macdonald and Co.
Merse—125 casks beer, Jamsetjee Nowrojee.
Khiva s—1 quarter cask sherry, Cutler, Palmer and Co.
Ben Nevis—30 cases matches, Abdoolally Shaik Adom.
Scio s—10 cases matches, Tyebally Esoltanally.

FROM BORDEAUX.

Sumatra s—83 cases brandy, Nusserwanjee Aspundiarjee.

DAILY EXPORTS.—SEPTEMBER 30.

FOR LIVERPOOL.

hildwall Hall s—1,630 cwts wheat, Stearns, Hybert and Co ; 64 bales cotton, Hurry Jairaz ; 29 balescotton, and 53 bales wool Khetseedass Hurmookroy ; 35 bales wool, Dewjee Bhanjee ; 40 bales wool, Shamjee Veerjee ; 30 bales wool, Liladhu, Hurridass ; 60 bales wool, Vullubdass Vundrawandass ; 26 bales wool, Pu dhan Sewjee ; 81 bales cotton, Do manjees Dhurumchund ; 33 cwts colt mats, Veerjee Vulubdas ; 75 bales cotton, Nemchund Khemchund ; 28 cwts deer horns, Rhemjee Hajee Haroon.
City of Baltimore s—26 cwts buff-doe horns, Geo Lockhart and Co 38 bundles coir yarn, W. &A. Graham & Co.

FOR LONDON.

Venetia s—2 cases shawls, Bungilall Jowalwath ; 2 cases shawls Toolseedas Manoree ; 5 bags gold lace, The C. B. of I. Land Chins ; 12 boxes silver ot s, Gangutrao Mahadawroo.

FOR MARSEILLES.

Sumatra s—4 boxes silver and gold coins, The French Bank.
Venetia s—600 bags wheat and 600 bags linseed, Finlay, Scott and Co.

FOR TRIESTE.

Venetia s—100 bales cotton, Peel Russells and Co ; 50 bales cotton, Killick Nixon and Co ; 200 bales cotton, Knoop and Co.

FOR ALEXANDRIA.

Venetia s—8 boxes silver coins, W Nicol and Co ; 6 cases silver coins, The French Bank.

FOR SUEZ.

Venetia s—1 package cardamoms and 5 packages silk, Hajee Mamed Ebram and Syed Mir.a ; 1 box Cambayatone Cyamally Tyebally.

FOR YOKOHAMA.

Lombardy s—21 cwts gum. D S Kemp and Co.

FOR HONKONG.

Lombardy s—2 boxes silver coins, Jewanjee Nowrojee ; 203 baskets cotton, Hassum Peerbhoy ; 4 cases shirtings, Rowjee Corjee ; 30 cases sharkins, Abdoola Hoosein ; 17 cases sharkins, Dattoobhoy Doosa ; 9 cwts G horns, and 3 bundles E teeth, Currimbhoy Ebram ; 53 bales cotton, Nebhraj Nurotumdass ; 15 bales twist and 45 cwts sandalwood, Currimbhoy Ebram ; 25 bales twist, Horomjee Manockjee Pochaj ; 1 chests opium, D Sassoon ; 5 chests opium, Merwanjee Manockjee and Co ; 5 chests opium ; Pallanjee Framjee ; 26 chests opium, Vanichund Goolabroy ; 25 chests opium, Tata and Co.

METEOROLOGICAL OBSERVATIONS,

GOVERNMENT OBSERVATORY, COLABA.

BOMBAY, 29th September 1876.

Means of observations taken at 6 a.m., 10 a.m., 2 p.m., 4 p.m. and 10 p.m.

Barometer corrected 32 deg. Fah	29 871
Temperature of the Air.....	81 9
Wet Bulb Thermometer.....	76 8
Dew Point	74 9
Relative humidity of Air	*798
Extent of cloudy sky (the whole sky clouded=8).	1 0
Maximum temperature of air (read at 6 p.m.)	86 1
Minimum do. do. (read at 9 30 a. m.)	76 2
General Direction of wind .....NNW, S, NNE, NE, NW.	
Movement of wind in 24 hours.....	277
Fall of Rain	0·00 inches.
Total fall during the month	4 71 "
" " " year	50·04 "

HIGH COURT.—2ND OCTOBER.

(Before the Honorable MR. JUSTICE BAYLEY.)

Motion.

417-76—M H Khan—Memon Hajee Adam Hajee Ismail vs Dewa Currumchund and others—Hearn and Cleveland—Part heard.

Summary Suit.

484-76—A Framjee—M A de Sousa Bilerimino' vs Khutree Abs Hajee Jacob and another.
Suit for hearing and final disposal.

LONG CAUSES.

442-76—Jefferson and Payne—Cawasjee Fallonjee vs Dadabhoy Nusserwanjee—Lynch and Tobin and Remington, Hore and Langley.
284-74—Jeffe...and Payne—Ralli Brothers vs Walljee Canjee and others—Janardhun and Ghandhibhoy, Sand 7, and M M Munsi—Part heard.

(Before the Honorable MR. JUSTICE GREEN.)

For Judgment.—At 3 P.M.

In the Matter of the Land Acquisition Act X of 1870.
R Y Heaps—And in the Matter of Government—And Moolchund Ruttonsey and another—H Bicknell.

LONG CAUSES.

565-75—Rimington, Hore and Langley—Dhunjibhoy Bomonjee for 60 days, from date of departure, on medical certificate, for the purpose of appearing before the Standing Medical Committee.
Army Medical Dept—Surgn Maj J Mackay, in extension, to remain in England, from 29th Aug 1876, until required to embark in the Troopship of 1st Oct.
Erratum—In G O No 234 republished under G O C No 574 of 1874, for para " 168 E" read " 168 E."

COURT MARTIAL, POONA, 30TH SEPTEMBER 1876.

At an Eur pean General Court Martial held at Camp Ahmedabad, on Thursday the 7th day of Sept 1876, and following days, James Thomas of the 4th Bde. Royal Regt of Artillery, was arraigned on the following charge :—

Charge—Insubordination accompanied with personal violence, in having at Ahmedabad, on or about the 20th day of Aug 1876, struck with his clenched fist No 5229 Bombardier Robert Baxter, of the 4th Bde R A, at the same time using threatening language to him and to the effect following, that is to say, " I am not to be marked down, now that we are out, by you " the said Bombardier Robert Baxter being his superior officer and being in the execution of his office.

The Court finds the Prisoner No 6 67 Gunner James Thomas, of the 4th Bde R A, is guilty of the charge.

Sentence—The Court sentence the prisoner No 6 67 Gunner James Thomas, of the 4th Bde R A, to suffer penal servitude for the term of five 5 y ars.

T Warden, Col, 1st (G enadiers) Regt N I, and President.
Ahmedabad, 7th September 1876.

CONFIRMED.

C Stavely, Lt-Genl, C-in-C, Bombay.

Poona, 19th September 1876.

With the sanction of Govt, the first two years of the penal servitude ar- to be carried out in India.

The Prisoner will be sent to the Presidency under charge of an escort and handed over to the Civil Power under the orders of the Brigadier Genl Comdg the Bombay Dist, in view to the sentence of penal servitude being carried into effect.

BENGAL GOVERNMENT ORDERS.

BY THE LIEUTENANT-GOVERNOR OF BENGAL.

(Calcutta Gazette, September 27.)

REVENUE AND GENERAL DEPARTMENTS.

MR H Savare, Asst Mag and Collr, Beerbhoom, is allowed leave of absence for two months under Section 21, Chapter VI of the Civil Leave Code, with effect from the 19th inst.

Mr C Owen is appointed temporarily to be a Sub-Depty Collr of the first grade, vice Baboo Radha Sham Sing, and is posted to Sonepore, in Ho ghly.

Mr W C Muller, Personal Asst to the Comm r of the Rajshahye and Cooch Behar Division, is allowed furlough to Europe for one y ar on the terms of Sec 7, Supplement F of the Civil Leave Code, with subsidiary leave f r a period not exceeding thirty days, under Sect 10 of the Supplement, with effect from the 16th November 1876 or any subsequent date on which he may avail himself of it.

In modification of the orders of the 29th Aug 1876, Mr J P Stevens, Joint Mag and Depy Collr, Moorshedabad, is vested with the powers conferred by Sec X of 1870 for the purposes of acquiring the land required for the construction of a road from Dhola, pe gunnah Sarup Singha, district Beerbhoom to Augrasi, pergunnah Shah-jadpore, district Moorshedabad.

Mr A H James, Dist Supdt of Police, Chittagong Hill Tracts, is transferred to Maldah.

Mr C Crouch, Asst Supdt of Police, will return to his substantive appointment in the 24-Perguunahs on being relieved of his acting appointment as Dist Supdt of Police, Maldah, by Mr A H James.

Mr C E Fabre Tonnerre, Asst Supdt of Police, 24-Pergunnahs, is transferred to Dinagepore.

Mr G W S Cox is appointed to act until further orders as an Asst Supdt of Police.

Mr A Rattray, Depy Mag and Depy Collr, in charge of the Sungoo Div sion, in the Hill Tracts of Chittagong, is vested with powers equivalent to those of an Asst Supdt of Police, to be exercised within limits of that division.

Privilege leave of ab sence for two months, under Sect 21, Chapter VI of the Civil Leave Code, is granted to Mr A L Clay, c s, Depy Com sr, Sylhet, with effect from 1st Sept 1876, or such subsequent date as he may avail himself of the same.

Mr B Scott, who was appointed to be a Dist Supdt of Police, fifth grade, in Notification No 2:26 C S, dated 22nd Aug 1876, of the Govt of Bengal, is posted to Goalpara,

OVERLAND SUMMARY OF THE BOMBAY GAZETTE.

Compiled for despatch by to-day's Mail.

Price—As. 4 per Copy.

LIST OF CONTENTS.

MAILS AND PASSENGERS FROM AND TO BOMBAY.
HEADS OF INTELLIGENCE.
GENERAL SUMMARY.
Aden News-Letter.
Official News Report from Aden.
Meeting of Mahomedan Inhabitants of Bombay.
Anglo-Indian Bohadoors : An Eccentric Calcutta Judge.
The Government of India's Latest Financial Resolution.
Recent Explorations in the Central Asian Highlands.
The Moylan Defamation Case.
The Persian Gulf : Unfairness of the Admiralty to British Naval Officers Serving there : Political 'Differences" Between the Admiralty and the Government of India.
Financial Resolution of the Government of India.
GENERAL SUMMARY—
Bombay and Bombay Presidency.
A Highway Attack on the Ahmednuggur Mail.
During Highway Robbery and Attempt to Murder—Later Accoun s.
Presentation of Colours to the 26th Regiment N I at Poona.
Club Gossip.
The Bishop of Bombay on Turkish Atrocities in Bulgaria.
The Mahomedan Panero on Turkish Affairs.
The Mahomedan Petition for England's Neutrality as Regards Turkey.
A Dead Shot.
Messes of Native Regiments.
The Sailors' Home.
The Ralkote Exhibition.
Wharfarpoor.
The Choral Festival.
A Quick Passage.
Pit-tage in Bombay Harbour.
Cricket.
Bengal and Central Provinces.
Madras.
Mr Wold's Cruel Case.
N. W. Provinces, Punjaub, and Oudh.
Suicide of a Soldier at Agra.
INDIAN NEWS-LETTER—
Secunderabad.
Khoompaum.
Bhoswul.
TOPICS OF THE TIMES—
The New Bridge over the Nerbudda at Burwai.
Sir Richard Temple and the Calcutta Press.
The Indiscreet Levelling of Class and Caste Distinctions in India.
The Necessity of Educating Native Officers.
OFFICIAL GAZETTES—
Bombay Army Orders—Bombay Government Orders—Government of India Orders—Bengal Government Orders—Madras Government Orde.s—Orders by the Commander-in-Chief in India—North-Western Provinces Orders—Central Provinces Orders—Punjab Governme.t Orders.
COMMERCIAL—
Bombay Market Report—Bombay Bill and Stock List—Bank Exchange—Prices of Bullion, &c—Government Securities—Returns of the Bank of Bombay, Bank of Bengal G. I. P. and B. B. & C. I. Railways—Bombay Price Current.
SHIPPING INTELLIGENCE.
Freight.
Vessels in Bombay Harbour.
Ships and Steamers expected from Home and Out-Ports.
Arrivals and Departures.
DOMESTIC OCCURRENCES—
Births, Marriages, and Deaths.

With the Indian Edition there is a Supplement containing :—
Latest Telegrams.
English Political and Social Letter.
English Commercial Letter.
Turkish Affairs.

DOMESTIC OCCURRENCES.

[THE CHARGE FOR NOTIFYING A DOMESTIC OCCURRENCE IS TWO RUPEES, THE ANNOUNCEMENT MUST BE AUTHENTICATED.]

BOMBAY.

MARRIAGE.

LEITH—PARRISH—September 21st, at Christ Church, Byculla, by the Revd. G. C. Reynell, Mr. A. Leith, of Nandgaum, to Miss A. Parrish, of Bhoswul.

OTHER PRESIDENCIES.

BIRTHS

BARRETT—September 25th, at Ranikhet, the wife of Lieutenant-Colonel R. Doyle Barrett, 19th Regiment (The Princess of Wales's Own), of a daughter.
CLIMO—September 20th, at Meean Meer, the wife of Surgeon-Major Wm. Hill Climo, Army Medical Department, of a daughter.
MATHEWS—September 21st, at Borokni, Cachar, the wife of J. R. Matthews, Esq., of a daughter.

DEATHS.

ALMEIDA—September 26th, at Dinapore, Alexander Almeida, Esq., of the Calcutta High Court, aged 53 years, 3 months, and 5 days.
HAKIM—September 25th, Khajeh Abdul Hakim, elder brother of the Hon'ble Nawab Abdul Gunny, C S I, aged 65 years.

NOTICES TO CORRESPONDENTS.

"The Amalgamated Society of Railway Servants."—We have received several letters from members of this Society, but as the subjects noticed are not of public interest, but appear to be wretched personal quarrels, we decline to publish any of the correspondence.

MR. E. M. WALTON,
SURGEON DENTIST,
12, RAMPART ROW.

GRANT ROAD THEATRE.
STAR COMPANY.
TO-DAY, MONDAY, 2ND OCTOBER.
The performance will commence with the elegant two-act Comedy, by Andrew Halliday, Esq.,
CHECKMATE.
To conclude with the favourite Burlesque,
ACIS AND GALATEA;
OR
THE BEAU! THE BELLE!! AND THE BLACKSMITH!!!
NEW SONGS; SINGLE, DOUBLE, TREBLE DANCES;
and
SONG AND DANCE.
PRICES OF ADMISSION.
Dress Circle, Rs. 2 : Stalls, Rs. 2 : Gallery, Re. 1.
PIT, EIGHT ANNAS.
Seats can be secured at Messrs. SOUNDY & Co.
Doors open at 8-30. Performance to commence at 9.

All MONEY ORDERS, CHEQUES, and other Remittance sent to this office, should be made payable to the "Proprietor of the *Bombay Gazette*."

The Bombay Gazette

MONDAY, OCTOBER 2, 1876.

PUBLIC attention during the past week has been arrested by the singular meeting of Mahomedans which was held in their great mosque in the native town on Friday week last. There are certain people who believe that it was a spontaneous outburst of Mussulman public feeling, and who affect to deduce from the circumstance that the opinions of the Mahomedan population of India must form an important factor in the policy regarding Turkey which the Government of England may decide upon pursuing. Certain efforts, also, have been made to invest the meeting with an enthusiasm and value which unquestionably did not belong to it directly. The fullest account of the affair which has been published was apparently written by a native who had deliberately set himself to perform the task of investing it with extraordinary importance. His idea, however, were much too big for his words, and if he failed to manufacture a grand political sensation out of a meeting that was too ignorant to be politically sensational it was not from want of inclination. He exaggerated wherever exaggeration was possible; and altogether it may be said that he overshot his mark, for he wrote nonsense where he did not intend to do so, and defeated his obvious desire to make the meeting strikingly important by his mania for descriptive writing. He speaks of the approaches to the Jumma Musjid being thronged long before the hour of the meeting. This, for instance, is an exaggeration. Nothing of the kind took place. The vicinity of the Jumma Musjid on Fridays always wears a busy aspect, but on this particular occasion there was very little unusual excitement to be observed. Certainly there was not a tithe of the excitement that was exhibited during one or two prayer meetings in the musjid at the time of the last Parsee and Mahomedan riots. In the compound the reporter observed "groups of "men eagerly debating *on* the question for which "the meeting had been called." In saying this much he shows his desire to be sensational, but in the next sentence he ludicrously upsets himself. He says that "in the principal hall "there was an unusually large gathering of "devotees—some were standing, some crouching "some lying fast asleep, many were pray-"ing and making the most profound obeisances." We do not think that either the sleeping or the crouching gentlemen could be taking much interest in the fate of Turkey; and the same may be said of the praying gentlemen, unless they happened to be praying that the Christian infidels in Roum might be overcome by those devout warriors of the Crescent who have been signalising their valour by murdering men, women, and children, in cold blood. Although costume could have little to do with the important political objects assumed for the meeting the native reporter gushes over the "Dalmatic kind of robe "effected by some Mahomedans being there "in blue, crimson, purple, and all the "colours of the rainbow," and speaks of this same kind of robe "contrasting strongly "with the ocean of the white clothing of the "bulk of the audience." It seems also "the tur "bans were of various kinds," and that the gold-bespangled white ones of the Hajees ware present in large numbers." We presume that these robes and turbans had about as much influence on the political questions at issue as the sleepers, the croughers, and the prayers. It is said that representatives of all classes of Mahomedans were present; but in the published list of these representatives we fail to observe the name of His Highness Aga Khan, who is unquestionably the most influential Mahomedan, in India being a descendant, or at all events considered to be one, of the Prophet himself. The ludicrous way in which the native scribe terms what he intends to prove to be a very solemn and important affair into a burlesque is shown by his description of the kind of reception the leading Mahomedans received as they entered the musjid. It appears that "they were loudly "cheered, though that term must not be taken "in the sense of the majestic roll of applause "which the hands, feet, and voices of an Eng-"lish audience create." This nonsense is capped by the information that the "cheer, however, "was loud enough to have made the Frenchman "say what he said when he heard a burst of "English applause in Hyde Park—viz., 'Ven "vill thee riot begin?' The cheering yesterday "was a series of steccato (*sic*) sounds repeated "rapidly, something like the hip, hip which is "often the *élan* of the hurrah!" Was there ever such rubbish printed with the idea of lending a political affair the colour of importance? It is needless to say that this native description of the meeting in the Jumma Musjid appeared in the *Times of India*. In the midst of the din the notice convening the meeting was read—though if the meeting had really been in deep earnest about the affairs of Turkey there neither would have been a din, nor the necessity of fixing the attention of the audience which had to be resorted to by the leaders of the meeting. It appears "that the noise, the chatter, the cheers "still continued, and all attempts at speaking "were failures." That is a pretty symptom of the depth of feeling in the Bombay Mahomedan community about the affairs of Turkey! Two Chairmen had to be elected; and even then the meeting would not be quiet. "At length a brilliant idea occurred to some one or other, for one of the servants of the mosque gave out that melancholy, though not unmusical call to prayer which is so familiar to those who live near Mahomedan temples. This not very scrupulous device succeeded; quietness was obtained, and the opportunity was seized of proposing, seconding, and carrying the adoption of the petition. Signatures were then obtained, and arrangements were made for a street canvas and house to house visitation for the purpose of getting signatures. After this more speaking was attempted, and once again the "call to "prayer dodge" had to be repeated, after which votes of thanks to the leaders of the meeting were proposed and carried. We think there is sufficient evidence in this native report to prove the want of sincerity which prevailed in the Jumma Musjid, and to show reason for suspecting that India is indebted for this new political movement not to a spontaneous growth of sympathy for Turkey among Mahomedans in this country but to the astute endeavours of certain educated Mahomedan gentlemen to invest their community with a political importance which it has not hitherto possessed.

The petition for which a hearing was secured only by means of a trick played off upon the religious prejudices of the people in the Jumma Musjid, is an ingenious and ingenuous document in many respects. It assumes the perfect innocence of Turkey in the recent proceedings which have caused the question to arise whether or not a Moslem Power should be permitted longer to have a foothold in Europe. It makes the petitioners profess the most profound attachment to Turkey, although it ignores the fact that there are a vast number of Mahomedans in India who look to Persia and not to Turkey as the principal stronghold of the faith of Mahomet. It puts in the mouth of the petitioners the deepest satisfaction with the policy which the British Government has hitherto pursued towards Turkey, although it alleges no reason for their silence during the Crimean War, when the blood of English soldiers was being spilt in rivers, for Turkey's sake, at Sebastopol, Balaclava, and Inkerman. It professes that the reason why the Bombay Mahomedans have now presumed to influence the British Government's Eastern policy is because of the persistent "efforts which interest-"ed Powers have made to bring a downfall of "the Turkish Empire by misrepresenting and "grossly exaggerating the evils of the Turkish "Government, and by charging it with atrocious "and barbarous acts," and because these efforts "are gradually producing a revulsion of feeling "on the part of Her Majesty's Christian sub-"jects in the United Kingdom, and grave at "tempts are being made there for the purpose "of causing a change in the policy hitherto "pursued by Her Majesty's Ministers towards "Turkey." It does not, however, allude to the fact that it has now been placed beyond a doubt that the atrocities charged against the Turks by newspaper correspondents have been actually committed. The British Government tried in vain to believe that the Turk was not so brutal as he was painted, but its own emissary, Mr. Baring, is now understood in his report to confirm the worst allegations that have been made against the conduct of the Bashi-Bazouks in the Christian villages in Bulgaria, while the English Ambassador in Constantinople is said to have been asked to call upon the Turkish Government to denounce the perpetrators of the awful cruelties that have been inflicted upon the wretched inhabitants of Turkey north of the Balkan. The most practical part of the petition is the following :—

"Your Majesty's petitioners, therefore, beg most humbly and respectfully to express a hope that, in consideration of the long-standing alliance and friendship between your Majesty's Government and the Turkish Empire, and in consideration of the fact that the Sultan of Turkey is the recognized religious head of many millions of your Majesty's subjects in India, and of, by far, the largest portion of the followers of Islam throughout the world, to which faith more than forty millions of your Majesty's subjects in India belong, and in consideration of the fact that the present war in the Turkish Dominions has been wantonly provoked by the subordinate vassals of the Turkish Empire, and that such war was, in the first instance, surreptitiously instigated, and is now openly supported, by the people of Russia for the purpose of promoting their own ambitious designs, and that the reports of the alleged cruelties and atrocities in Bulgaria are wholly one-sided and grossly exaggerated, and in which the Turkish Government is in no way implicated—your Majesty will not permit any change of policy which may have the effect of dismembering, or in any way weakening, the Turkish Empire.

"Your Majesty's petitioners firmly believe that the views which they have thus ventured humbly to lay before your Majesty are shared by all your Majesty's Mahomedan subjects throughout India; and they, therefore, most humbly and respectfully pray, on behalf of themselves and of the whole Mahomedan population of India, that your Majesty will be graciously pleased to continue the same policy of friendliness and neutrality towards the Turkish Empire, which has been hitherto followed by your Majesty's Ministers, and that your Majesty will not, in consequence of exaggerated reports, and at the suggestions of a portion of your Majesty's Christian subjects in England, who are opposed to the present Ministry, change that policy, and join Russia in war taken or to effect a dismemberment of the Turkish Empire, against the express provisions of the Treaty of 1856, guaranteeing the existence of Turkey as a European Power.

The petitioners, it will be perceived, bring forward no proof that the Turkish atrocities have been "grossly exaggerated," and they assume too much when they allege that the English people whose feelings of humanity have revolted from all sympathy with Turkey are those who are opposed to the present Ministry. Horror at the outrages of the Turks has been expressed by all classes and political sects of Englishmen. Even in Bombay, we find the Bishop, a nominee of the Conservative Government, denouncing the apathy of Mr. Disraeli and his late colleagues with a vigour that is but an echo of the stern cry of disgust which has gone up from England. No; the petitioners are mistaken if they think that England's policy will be shaped by assumptions of the injured virtuousness of the Turkish Government. The Mahomedans of Europe have, in our opinion, and making every allowance for the exaggeration of reports that may have arisen in Bulgaria, shown themselves to be worthy only of being driven back into Asia; and they owe their present position to the accident that were they gone their place would probably be filled by an unscrupulous European Power. We ourselves do not hold that Turkey should be supported because of its mythical political, commercial, or moral virtue, but because it is undesireable that the English policy of the Crimean period should be violently reversed in the eyes of Europe without distinct political reasons, (not moral, remember; it would be too severe a task for England to look after the morality of the nations of the world), and because it would be dangerous to our power in the East if the Czar were able to hold his Court alternately in St. Petersburg and Constantinople.

We think on the whole that this petition of the Bombay Mahomedan community may be put aside by Her Majesty's Government without much consideration. Its sentiments are false and unjust, and it has been prepared under extremely suspicious circumstances. There is no more ignorant community in Bombay than the Mahomedan; and we believe that until the subject had been brought before by them by circulars or some other means, dictated by the men who assume to lead the Mussulman community, the majority of those who assembled at the Jumma Musjid, and who had to be entrapped into silence by an ingenious but unscrupulous device, had never heard of the revulsion of English feeling against Turkey nor cared a snap of their fingers about the probable fate of the Ottoman Empire. It is quite possible that the meeting in the Jumma Musjid may form the nucleus of a strong Mahomedan pro-Turkish feeling throughout India; but we do not believe the time has yet arrived when all the Mahomedans in this country, on whose behalf the petitioners presumptuously presume to speak, will look to Turkey with one eye, and regard her ultimate fate with one common feeling of anxiety. It appears to us that certain Mahomedan gentlemen have made a strong effort to give themselves and their ignorant co-religionists a position of great political importance in the present crisis in Turkish affairs, and we think they would have shown their honesty and sympathy with the English Government more if they had refrained from attempting to hamper its free movements at such a time by ascribing to the Musulmans of India an interest in Turkey which they have never before thought of evincing, not even when the existence of the Ottoman Empire as a European Power was, twenty years ago, hanging in the balance of a terribly disastrous war.

AMONG the anxieties of life at home or abroad house-hunting takes high rank. Every one, young or old, male or female, must have had experience of the difficulty of finding a suitable abode, except perhaps those happy individuals who have town and country-houses, occupied by their fathers and grandfathers before them, and to be occupied by their children and grandchildren after them, and around which all the most beautiful and sacred feelings of home are gathered. But even these few must in their English or Continental or more distant wanderings have felt the difficulty we refer to, and perhaps even more keenly than others who are more accustomed to "rough it." It is not given to many of us to feel as perfectly contented and happy as Mr. Whymper did when, in his Alpine scrambles, he would draw a large bag, which he always carried for the purpose, over his legs, and sleep the sleep of the just on a rock or to be "jolly," like Mark Tapley, under the depressing influences of a ricketty and doorless log hut in the ooze of an American swamp. As a rule, we all prefer as a resting place a cosy fireside or a cool verandah according to locality and season to the Tête da Lion or an American Eden. But how to find it? We put the cosy fireside out of the question—we draw in the view of our imagination, and confine ourselves to Bombay. We want a bungalow—we want that cool verandah we spoke of. We know precisely the kind of verandah we want It is broad and shady. The roof falling low, but not so low as to exclude all sky view. Just below the verandah is a pretty well-kept compound and fresh green turf. Beyond that the land falls, and the eye passes over rich and varied foliage to rest on the Western Ocean beyond. There is a delightful sea breeze fanning us as we sit in that verandah, and creature comforts are not wanting there. Well, we want a bungalow, with a verandah like that. We look about us, and take our walks abroad to find it. We do *not* find it. The bungalow we want seems to be the one that is never to let. We do, however, find that at the entrances to many houses there is a board bearing the legend, "To be let—enquire of P. Byramjee." So we seek the aid of that polite and business-like agent, and tell him our wants—at least we tell him about the verandah. He knows the bungalow we want—we believe he always does—and takes us to it at once. Happiness! This is the verandah. Yes; matted with a table and chairs and a few pots of flowers, it will be the very thing. Let us go inside. Excellent—good drawing and dining rooms *en suite*. Verily, Mr. P. Byramjee *is* a clever man. Now, for the bed-rooms. Oh! The bed rooms. Well, Mr. Byramjee is evidently dubious about them. We said nothing about bed-rooms; we spoke only about a verandah. Our hopes begin to fall. Alas! we see the bed rooms and our hopes are crushed. The builder—it would be defaming better man to call him architect—had forgotten all about bed-rooms where the place was built, and had run up an inconvenient building of two rooms at one end to supply this want. We turn sorrowfully away. We know the wife of our bosom gentle as she is, would *not* consent to come with her innocent and lovely offspring to those dreary dens, and we really should not like it ourselves—to say nothing of the want of a third or fourth room. We leave that verandah with regret, and try elsewhere. We are shown another delightful verandah, for we still harp on that string, and we find behind it a drawing room as large as a field and twenty or thirty bedrooms, at least so it seemed to us. As we wandered through some of them, life seemed too short to go through all. We understood how it was that the foolish bride who hid herself in an old chest was not discovered until long years afterwards, when "a skeleton form was found mouldering there, and the bridal wreath of that lady fair." Strange, that the bridal wreath should not have mouldered too, we thought, as the old lines ran through our head. We left that bungalow, and the next we visited had everything we wanted—except the verandah, whereof there was none. Another had no compound, and was overlooked on all sides. Another had an entrance like a Tyburn tree, which has, however, since been removed. Another was on the top of an almost inaccessible hill—another in a pit—another—— But why proceed? We have all gone through this sort of thing, and probably shall have to go through it again. And to many it is, in spite of its disappointments, not without its charm. There is often a pleasing anxiety about it, at least if you are not in a hurry. You go about seeing new places, and old places from a new point of view, and under, it may be, more favourable circumstances than before. House hunting in Bombay is worth the trouble if you retain—and few who have seen it could forget—the lovely scene which lies before you as you stand on a clear morning on "the Ridge" and gaze across the bay, across the city, across the harbour, and between the purple hills

SPECIAL TELEGRAMS FOR THE BOMBAY GAZETTE.

ACCIDENT AT OOTACAMUND.

OOTACAMUND, 29TH SEPT.

A rather serious accident befel Lady Souter yesterday while riding. Her horse stumbled and fell, throwing its rider to the ground heavily and stamping on her afterwards. Lady Souter is, however, doing well.

[REUTER'S TELEGRAMS.]

THE CALCUTTA HIGH COURT.

SIMLA, 30TH SEPT.

The *Gazette of India* to-day notifies that Romesh Chunder Mitter is appointed a Judge of the High Court, Calcutta, vice Mr. Justice Glover, and that Mr. McDonell is to act as an additional judge in room of the Baboo.

RESOLUTION OF SERVIA.

BELGRADE, 29TH SEPT.

A Council of war, under the presidency of Prince Milan, has resolved to continue fighting until Servia and Bosnia have been declared independent.

RESUMPTION OF HOSTILITIES.

LONDON, 30TH SEPT.

General Tchernaieff on the 28th crossed the Morava river at a point above Alexinatz and made an attack on the Turkish forces. In this engagement the victory is claimed by both sides. Colonel Horvavich's corps now threatens the Turkish rear.

SETTLEMENT OF THE YUNAN AFFAIR.

A Protocol has been signed by Sir Thomas Wade, the British Minister at Pekin, settling the Yunan affair.

ANCHOR LINE MOVEMENTS.

The *s. s.* India, of the Anchor Line, left Suez for Bombay on the 26th instant.

LIVERPOOL WEEKLY COTTON REPORT.

LONDON, 29TH SEPT.

Total Week's Sales of Cotton	80,000 bales.
Amount forwarded	1.000 do.
Total Week's Sales of Surats	17.000 do.
Do. Week's Imports of Cotton ..	56,000 do.
Do. do. Surats	39,000 do.
Do. Stock of Cotton	720,000 do.
Do. do. Surats	179.000 do.
Do. Stock of Cotton in London ..	34.625 do.

LONDON, 29TH SEPT.

The Liverpool Cotton Market closed quiet but steady.
Surats quiet but steady.
The London Cotton Market has been steady.
Fair Dhollera ..... 4 7/16d.
The Manchester Market has been steady.
7 lbs. Shirtings 6
8¼ lbs. do. 7
40s Mule Twist..... 0 9⅜.
3 per cent. Consols for Account.. 96⅛
5 per cent. French Rente 1872 .... 106¼.
Bar Silver ..... 52½.
Arrival.—River Nith.
Departure.—Trentham Hall on 21st instant.

STEAMER REPORT.

GALLE, 30TH SEPT, 9·37 P.M.

French mail steamer Meinam, from Calcutta, arrived.

GALLE, 1ST OCT., 8·35 A.M.

French steamer Anadyr, from Aden, arrived.

LINE REPORTS.—1ST OCTOBER.

Cable right to Fao. Turkish line right to Persian line right to London.

WEATHER REPORTS.—1ST OCTOBER.

(MADRAS TIMES.)

CANANORE, 5 P.M.—Weather fine, wind N. W., thermometer 83, barometer 29·82.

CARWAR, 5 P.M.—Weather fine, wind W. N. W. 4, thermometer 81, barometer 29·97.

MANGALORE, 9 A.M.—Weather cloudy, wind N. W. N.E., N. W.

VINGORLA, 5 P.M.—Weather clear, wind W. moderate, thermometer 88.

The *Pioneer*, in the course of an article highly appreciative of the motives of the promoters of the late Mahomedan meeting in the Jumma Musjid, says of the Bombay Mussulmans, that "living on the seaboard, they are constantly hearing news from Haj." Where is Haj? Perhaps our contemporary, which tells us in the course of another elaborate article" that the writer of "Paradise Lost" "ranks high among the poets of England,"—a fact which of course nobody ever knew before—will enlighten the ignor ant upon the whereabouts of Haj.

MR. WELD, C. S., now under two months' suspension for having done his duty, will proceed home immediately on two years' leave.

THE four run away convicts from Port Blair have been recaptured. After a hard struggle with the elements in an open boat they put back.

THE A. H. LLOYD Co.'s s. s. Calipso, which sailed on Saturday last for Trieste, &c., took out thirteen boxes silver coins, valued at Rs. 50,000, for Constantinople, despatched by the French Bank.

MESSRS. R. RUBATTINO Co.'s s. s. Sumatra, which sailed yesterday for Genoa, &c., took out four boxes gold and silver coins, valued at Rs. 51,600 for Marseilles, despatched by the French Bank.

IT is stated by a Rangoon paper that trade in Mandalay is at a stand-still, owing to the high rates of Customs duties levied by the King on the products for exportation to Rangoon. The ship pers have withheld their goods until some satisfactory arrangement is made by His Majesty to lower the rates. For the past week or so, the flats of the Flotilla Company have come down literally empty. A representation has been made by the traders at the capital to the King through the Resident.

HIS Grace the Duke of Buckingham and Chandos, the Ladies Grenville, Lady Anna and Miss Gore Langton arrived at Madras on Thursday morning an hour and a half behind time. The delay was caused by an accident which occurred while the train was coming down the ghauts. A carriage containing two of the European maid servants had capsized, and one of the servants very seriously injured, the other also receiving a rather severe wound on her head. The servants who was most seriously injured had to be sent back up the ghaut.

THE P. and O. Co.'s s. s. Venetia, which will sail to-day with the English mails, takes out eight boxes silver coins, valued at Rs. 25,000, for Alexandria, despatched by W. Nicol and Co.; six boxes silver coins, valued at Rs. 21,000, despatched by the French Bank, for the same port; twelve boxes silver coins, valued at Rs. 2 2,500, for London, despatched by Mr. Ganpatrow Mahadevrow; and five boxes gold bars, valued at Rs. 4,15,800, despatched by the C. M. Bank of I. L. and China, for the same port. The total shipped by this steamer amounts to Rs. 4,84,300.

PICKERIES are getting very common all over the country. A letter from Gorackpore to the *Delhi Gazette* states that a most daring theft has occurred in the house of the Joint Magistrate of that District, Mr. R. D. Spedding, when property, consisting of ladies' jewelry and apparel, valued at about Rs. 2,500, was stolen. Simultaneously, a letter from Mirzapore intimates the commission of a burglary and theft in the house of a native banker of that city, when articles of jewelry worth upwards of Rs 1,500, and paper money in the shape of hoondees to the value of upwards of Rs. 36,000 were taken away.

WRITING about the late meeting of Mahomedans in Bombay, the *Madras Times* says:—"Certainly, for utter audacity of proposal, and unlimited faith in the strength of the metal called brass, we will back the people of the Western Presidency, Mahomedans, Hindoos and Parsees—against the whole world, not excluding our American cousins. More extraordinary 'loyal requests' than issue from the Bombay Presidency were never heard of. The Poona patriots gravely invited the Queen to restore native rule to Baroda in preference to her own, and the Mussulmans seem to address her more as the ally of the Caliph than as their high Sovereign and Empress. It is to be hoped that Her Majesty's Government, when receiving such petitions as these, will not accord to them the weight of a great popular and educated sentiment."

OUR statement in reference to the admission of natives to the Apollo Bunder Refreshment Rooms is substantially correct, the *Times of India* notwithstanding. The most that can be said is that our announcement is premature. The subject, however, of the necessity of having equality of races at the Apollo Bunder refreshment bar has been mooted, and some of these days we may expect to see the scheme carried out. Meantime, it will afford pleasure to Messrs. Budroodin Tyabjee and other native gentlemen, who have been offended with the European barbers of Bombay, to know that, according to a native paper, it is intended to erect a hair-cutting saloon to which only native gentlemen will be admitted. With regard to the story which so shocks the delicacy of our contemporary, we can only say, if the incident referred to is so nasty to relate, what must it have been to experience!

A TELEGRAM to the *Englishman* announces the following as the chief appointments to the Staff of the Force Imperial at the Delhi Assemblage:—"The Viceroy's Escort—Brigadier General R. Hume, commanding the Cavalry Division; Major-General C. Chamberlain, commanding, with Colonels Palliser, Graves, and Annesley, in command of the 1st, 2nd, and 3rd Brigades Artillery; Colonel C. Evans, commanding the 1st Infantry Division; General Brind, commanding, with Brigadier Generals Biddulph, Kempster, and Macpherson, in command of the 1st, 2nd, and 3rd Brigades, 2nd Infantary Division; General Hardinge, commanding, with Brigadier Generals Browne, Phayre, and Rothney, in command of the 1st, 2nd, and 3rd Brigades; Principal Medical Officer, Deputy Surgeon General E. Tuson; Commissariat Staff, under Colonel Sibley; Provost Marshal, Lieutenant-Colonel Howey. General and Staff officers, detailed for duty, required to arrive at Delhi on or before the 15th December."

CONSIDERABLE excitement, the *Englishman* says, prevails among the Mussulmans of Panduah, owing to permission having, for the first time under British rule, been accorded the Hindoos to celebrate the Durga Puja in the main streets of the town. Owing to Panduah containing the shrines of a number of Mahomedan Saints, and being a place greatly reverenced by the Mussulman community, Hindoo processions, and the casting of idols into tanks there, have hitherto been prohibited. The matter has several times formed the subject of contention, but always, we understand, with the same result, the Sadr Nizamat having, on appeal, confirmed the decision of the local authorities. This year, the Hindoos would seem to have appealed to Sir Richard Temple, who, on an *ex-parte* representation, has ordered that they are as much entitled to use the public thoroughfares for religious processions as Mahomedans. It strikes us, however, that this order does not in the least affect the obligation of the Magistrate to step in, and put a stop to any procession or assemblage of the kind, if he thinks it likely to result in a breach of the peace. The Mussulmans of the place have memorialized the Lieutenant-Governor on the subject.

THE *Pioneer* publishes the following items of gossip about the approaching Imperial Assemblage:—"We hear from home rumours about an Empress medal for the Imperial Assemblage. The services of a well-known English sculptor are said to have been engaged; and the Prince and Princess of Wales are represented as taking a warm interest in the progress of the work. The matter is wrapped up by the India Office in a good deal of mystery. We have been told, however, of £4,000 worth of medals, gold and silver, with gold and silver clasps, and nearly three quarters of a mile of scarlet ribbon edged with gold. We hear, too, of a small difficulty about the inscription, which is in three languages, Persian, Hindi, and English. Somebody wrote to the well-known English sculptor complaining that Kaiser-i-Hind was masculine; and the sculptor retorted that the gender was nothing to him, and referred the man to the India Office. The India Office, however, said that the well-known English sculptor was responsible. The fondness of the Prince of Wales for medals is one of his strongest characteristics, but for obvious reasons it is rather a pity he could not have arranged for these particular medals to be made in India."

OUR contemporary the *Pioneer*, who has lately been engaged in blowing the trumpet of Captain Bythesea, R. N., somewhat more loudly than there is any occasion for, treated us the other day (16th Sept.) to an article, setting forth the superlative merits of that gentleman in preparing an entirely new code of instructions for the Government Marine, which it gravely states has never existed up to the present time, and then proceeds to quote some of the provisions and directions. Now the fact happens to be that the same code of instructions for Government vessels is in force, which has existed at least half a century, of course with modifications which have been from time to time introduced. The very instance triumphantly quoted by the *Pioneer* concerning alterations in ship's fittings made without proper authority, which appears to have been taken from the old code verbatim, renders it probable that it is merely a reprint or revised edition of these old rules that has been prepared, and if the new edition embodies all the emendations made from time to time in the old regulations, it will be of great use no doubt to those for whom it is intended. Only the *Pioneer* should understand there is no pretence at originality, and that the laudatory article we are referring to seems to be out of proportion to the amount of work done.

OUR morality has recently given great offence to the *Times of India*, which has nagged at us in several of its wonderful "leading articles," and held us up to scorn because our ways are not as its ways. Its last "leading article" about our morality found fault with our London correspondent because he dared to speak of the state of society in England, and because—our contemporary wanted an opportunity of showing that it knows more about English Society than other people, and because it was badly off for a subject for one of those small paper pellets of the brain which it loves to fire off from its editorial peashooter. We may point out to our moral censor that a few weeks ago its own London correspondent actually presumed to talk in its hearing of the "rottenness" of modern society, and the same rash individual added the information that, "The present year has seen an extraordinary number of such scandals as these, and one is driven to ask what it means and what cause can be suggested for such lamentable effects. There are those who attribute this laxity of morals in high places to the absence of the Queen from her Court. Her presence there, they allege, as the type and representative of pure English matronhood, would set so wholesome an example, that propriety and decency and morality would become fashionable, and every thing which savoured of laxity would be sternly tabooed. Possibly that view is a correct one." We hope, therefore, that as our London correspondent has sinned in such good company, our delicate-minded local Tartuffe will forgive him for his offences.

A PROJECT of law is to be brought into the Supreme Legislative Council to get rid of such difficulties as cession of territory, alienation of allegiance or depriving our subjects of the protection of our Courts as in the cession of the Bhownuggur villages. The *Englishman* says the matter is to be settled in the following manner:—"To declare that the 116 villages of eastern Kattiwar now in question are, as a 'non-regulation' district, exempt from the jurisdiction of the High Court. It is not necessary that we should be very precise in marking the line which the draftsman has taken, or will take, in drawing up this little Bill; but the method we have broadly indicated is what now awaits the sanction of the Secretary of State. It will remain to be seen whether the High Court of Bombay will prove as supple and subservient as the majority of the Legislative Council is sure to do. The Judges cannot move, and, probably, would not wish to stir, in the matter themselves; but they cannot ignore any motion, either in their own or the District Court, which goes to curtail the jurisdiction conferred on the High Court by Her Majesty's Letters Patent, issued under authority of an Act of Parliament. Though it might only be a small mortgage suit which should raise that large question, their Lordships dare not, and, we may be certain, will not, hesitate to vindicate the high responsibility thrown on them by the conditions of their appointments. The Secretary of State, the Government of India, and its advisers, ought to have considered well before covertly committing themselves to a course which may bring them into serious collision with the High Court of Parliament, and in which they are certain to be condemned by all sound jurists who approach the subject from an impartial standpoint. But we live in times when there is great laxity in high places both here and at home, in regard to legal sanctions and constitutional obligations."

BOMBAY.

INDIAN TRAVELLERS' GUIDE for October 1876, containing the latest alterations in the time tables of the B. B. and C. I. Railway which comes into force from the 1st of this month, and several other lines of railway, is now ready and can be had at this office and the several agencies. Price annas eight.

SASSOON DOCK.—The *s.s.* Zerbino went into the Sassoon Dock on Saturday at 10 A.M. and commenced discharging at once.

PARSEE CRICKET CLUB.—The Parsees have advertised the formation of a cricket club. A tent facing the Bandstand has been erected and we hear that several other out-door as well as in-door games are to be played by the members.

POONA HORSE SHOW.—The Poona Horse Show which closed on Friday evening was successful as compared with last year. There were very few spectators owing to the Ball at Government House in the evening. We will give a list of the prizes to-morrow.

AN INCORRIGIBLE THIEF.—A noted character, named Mahomed Ali Thawurbhoy, was on Saturday convicted by Mr. Dosabhoy Framjee, at the Girgaum Police Court, of five separate charges of theft of sundry articles of wearing apparel, &c., belonging to five different parties, and was sentenced to an accumulated term of thirty weeks' hard labour in the Common Jail.

CRUELTY TO ANIMALS.—Five cart-drivers were fined on Saturday by Mr. Dosabhoy Framjee, at the Girgaum Police Court, in sums varying from Rs. 2 to Rs. 5, for torturing their bullocks. They were charged at the instance of Messrs. Smith and Nutty, agents to the Society for the Prevention of Cruelty to Animals.—At the Fort Police Court, a cart-driver, named Sowlia Bewa, was fined Rs. 10, by Mr. C. P. Cooper, on Saturday, for torturing his bullock. He was charged at the instance of police constable No. 436 B.

THE LATE MR. C. M. I. POLLOCK.—In a motion heard in the Appeal Court on Saturday last, the name of the late Mr. C. M. I. Pollock, solicitor, was incidentally mentioned, when the Chief Justice (Sir Michael Westropp) said he might take this opportunity of stating how deeply the Judges of this Court regretted the death of Mr. Pollock, who was for several years Clerk of the Crown and was remarkable for his courtesy to all members of the profession. He was a popular as well as a most painstaking member of the profession in Bombay.

ENTICING AWAY A MARRIED WOMAN AND THEFT.—On Saturday, at the Girgaum Police Court, Shaik Jaffer bin Mahomed Bengalee, a painter employed at the Sassoon's Dock, appeared before Mr. Dosabhoy Framjee and obtained a warrant for the arrest of a Mahomedan, named Enoos, whom complainant charges with enticing away his wife Beebun, and also with theft of ornaments and cash of the collective value of Rs. 159, alleged to have been committed on the night of the 13th instant, and from information complainant received he has reason to believe that the accused and complainant's wife are at present residing as man and wife at Kelvi Mahim.

CRICKET.—A cricket match was played on Saturday between the Scottish School, Byculla, and the John Connon High School, which resulted in an easy victory for the latter by two runs and seven wickets. The John Connon High School in their first attempt scored 91 and the Byculla 30. In their second innings the Byculla scored 81, leaving the Fort 20 to win which they secured with the loss of three wickets. The bowling of Muirhead and Pritchard for the Fort was splendid while Liebschwager's batting was excellent, his 39 being put together in fine form. Miles batted well for the Byculla, however, they seem to be out of practice.

THE PRISONER CURSON BHUNSALLY.—On Saturday, at the Fort Police Court, Mr. Ghandibhoy appeared before Mr. Nana Morojee on behalf of the prisoner, Curson Bhunsally, who stands committed for trial at the next Criminal Sessions of the High Court on a charge of abetment of cheating in respect of a sum of Rs. 13,103, belonging to the firm of Purboodass Succeedass, and tendered a sum of Rs. 20,000 in cash and the title deeds of a house valued another Rs. 10,000 in satisfaction of a bail bond for the release of the prisoner. His Worship declined to accept the title deeds of the house as part of the amount in satisfaction of the bail that he had ordered on the day previous, and insisted that the security should be tendered in full in cash.

FATAL BUGGY ACCIDENT.—A Coroner's inquest was held on Sunday at the J. J. Hospital on view of the body of Nowsia Luximon. Deceased was an old man and a basket cooly. On Saturday, the 24th instant, at 8 P.M., deceased met with an accident on the Bhendy Bazaar Road opposite the corner leading to Erskine Road, when a buggy with one horse driven by Shapoorjee Cooverjee going at a moderate pace came in contact with the deceased, the head of the horse struck him throwing him down and one wheel of the buggy passed over his left side fracturing several ribs Deceased was removed to the hospital for treatment, where he expired from the effects of the injuries he had sustained. Upon the evidence adduced the following verdict was returned by the jury:—"That the death of the deceased was caused by injuries received by his having been accidentally run over by a buggy."

FATAL ACCIDENT AT THE CARNAC BUNDER RAILWAY SIDING.—A Coroner's inquest was held on Saturday at the J. J. Hospital on view of the body of Oomer Ismail. Deceased was about 22 years of age, a dealer in lime, and in partnership with the firm of Messrs Oosman Hajee Salay Mahomed and Co. Deceased, it appears, on the day previous left home in good health for the Carnac Bunder to superintend the unloading of some chunam that had been brought to the bunder in railway wagons. About noon deceased retired under one of the empty waggons lying at the railway siding, and laid down and fell sound asleep, at which time an engine approached the siding to remove the empty wagons from the siding. The engine came in contact with the wagons and moved them about a yard, but before deceased was able to get out of the way of the wagons, although an alarm was raised by the hamal in the employ of the Great Indian Peninsula Railway Company, the wheel of the wagon under which he was lying passed over his left foot and leg, completely crushing it. Deceased was removed at once to the J. J. Hospital where he expired from the effects of the injuries he had sustained. Upon the evidence adduced the following verdict was returned by the jury:—"That the death of the deceased was caused by injuries received by his having been accidentally run over by a railway waggon."

INDIAN PRESS COMPANY, LIMITED.—The second ordinary general meeting of the shareholders of this company was held at the office of Messrs. Geddum and Co. on Friday last at 3 P.M. to receive the directors' report and the audited accounts to 30th June 1876. It appeared from the report that the total number of bales pressed during the past year was 83,8·0. The decrease as compared with the previous year was accounted for by the company having had very little work to do during the monsoon months, and by the lateness and short outturn of the cotton crop of 1875-76; yet the company pressed a greater number of bales than any other press company in Bombay. The balance at profit amounted to Rs. 26,935-8-8. As the company is in debt the directors recommended—and it was carried out—that instead of declaring a dividend this year, Rs. 25,000 were carried to the reserve fund account and the remainder to profit and loss new account. The prospects of the company the directors considered very encouraging as they have already secured a good constituency. The strength of the presses and the small measurement they give are much appreciated by the cotton merchants. Mr. Sorabjee Rustomjee Bunshah was unanimously re-elected a director, and after a vote of thanks to Mr. O. Fiedler, the Chairman, the meeting separated.

A SERIOUS AFFAIR.—Dame Rumour, with her thousand tongues, deposeth, that a few days ago a serious *fracas* took place between several of the villagers of Pargaum and Khandalla. Bowria on the one hand, and two or three money lenders, and some of the police in the service of the Suchew Punt of Bhore on the other. Mr. Moore, the Political Agent in charge of this native State, has been asked to visit the places where the row took place, which, we hear, resulted in broken heads and limbs. We await further particulars.—*Poona Observer.*

NEW DHURUMSEY SPINNING AND WEVAING COMPANY.

THE second ordinary general meeting of shareholders of the company was held at the registered office, Meadow Street, on Wednesday, the 27th September, to receive the directors' report and audited accounts made up to 30th June 1876, to appoint auditors and to elect directors. Mr. Madhowjee Dhurumsey was in the chair. The notice convening the meeting and the directors' report were read by the secretary, Mr. Muncherebha Bejonjee, after which the following propositions were brought forward:—

Proposed by the Chairman, and seconded by Mr. Pestonjee Cowasjee, solicitor, "That the directors' report and the accounts made up to 30th June 1876 now read, be approved and adopted."

Several shareholders objected to the resolution, but it was eventually carried by a majority of votes.

Proposed by Mr. Cursetjee Jehangir Tarrachund, and seconded by Mr. Nowrojee Jehangir Gamaris, "That Messrs. Ardaser Cursetjee Furdoonjee and Cowasjee Eduljee Patel be appointed auditors at a remuneration of Rs. 200 each."

This resolution was carried unanimously.

It was then proposed by Mr. Framjee Nanabhoy Davur, and seconded by Mr. N. M. Wadia, "That Messrs. Dinsha Manockjee Petit and Muncherjee Hormusjee Cama be elected directors in the room of Messrs. Dyal Ruttonsey and Merwanjee Nusserwanjee Patel, who retire by rotation."

As an amendment it was proposed by Mr. Cassumbhoy Dhurumsey, and seconded by Mr. Lalchund Khengar, "That Messrs. Morarbhoy Vizbooeundas and Bhuwanjee Khoosalchund be appointed directors."

The amendment was the signal for a very general disorder at the meeting, in the midst of which accusations and threats were levelled at the secretary and Mr. Cassumbhoy Dhurumsey. "Turn out the Mussulman," said one. "Dismiss the secretary, for he is merely a creature of his," said another. The row became so boisterous that it was not possible for some time to continue the business of the meeting. After the noise had subsided, the Chairman, in putting the amendment to the vote, decided under the advice of his solicitor, Mr. Rimington, who was present, to exclude all proxies. This course was said to be contrary to the advice of the company's solicitor, Mr. Fletcher, who was also present.

Mr. Cassumbhoy entered a protest against the Chairman's ruling, and, under the advice of his solicitor, Mr. Macfarlane, who was also present, demanded a poll. Messrs. N. M. Wadia and K. R. Colah were appointed scrutineers.

The poll was by public notice taken on Saturday last between 12 and 3 P.M. at the Company's office; and the result of it was to be declared at a meeting to be held at 4 P.M. the same day.

Accordingly at 4 o'clock on Saturday last, another meeting was held at the same place, Mr. Madhowjee Dhurumsey being in the chair. A large number of shareholders were present, and great interest was manifested in the proceedings, especially by shareholders who held the company's shares.

The Chairman, reading from the scrutineers' report, announced the result of the poll to be as follows:—

For the amendment .....1,213 votes
For the original proposition ..... 241 votes.

Mr. Cassumbhoy's amendment was therefore declared carried; and Messrs. Morarbhoy Vizbhoocundas and Bhuwanjee Khooseklund were declared to be appointed directors of the company.

The meeting then separated.

CRICKET.

BANGALORE *VS.* BOMBAY.

THIS match was continued and finished on Saturday. Play commenced at 11 o'clock, Dalbiac and Grant resuming their places at the wickets, to the bowling of Lang and Wyer. In the first over, Grant made a good drive for two, and Dalbiac soon commenced on his side with a slashing leg hit for four off Wyer. Grant followed this up with a neat cut for 3; and Dalbiac made another fine cut to the tent for the same number. Dalbiac skied one for 3 off Lang's next over, and after another over from Wyer, Richardson took the ball *vice* Lang. Off Wyer's next over, Dalbiac got five for a hit and overthrow; but the next ball Grant put carefully into Mackenzie's hands. The score now stood at 82 for 9 wickets, Grant having put on 8. Pearse, the last man, did not stay long, being caught off the first ball he received by Cameron, and the innings closed for 82. Dalbiac carried out his bat with a well-earned 24 to his credit. There seemed to be some doubt about the last catch, as to whether the ball ran off the striker's bat or his pad, but the umpire's decision was "out." The Bangalore team, being less than the recognised number behind leg to fill on, and Dalbiac returned to the wickets in company with Anderson, to the bowling of Wyer and Richardson. Wyer's first over was a maiden, and runs came slowly for several overs. Just as the batsmen were getting well set and beginning to hit freely, Dalbiac lifted a ball well away to square leg, but did not apparently count on a man being placed in the exact spot for it, and under the lee of the ladies' tent. At any rate, Lang was there, and his presence proved fatal to all Balbiac's hopes of equalling his first innings' score at his second attempt. One wicket down for 13 runs. Yates, next man, was very near being stumped off the second or third ball bowled to him by Richardson, and shortly afterwards Anderson hit a ball back over Richardson's head but a trifle too high for a catch. After this the batsmen warmed to their work, and soon runs came freely, the number being greatly increased by some very wild fielding. Lang *vice* Richardson and Oliver *vice* Wyer were tried at the bowling and for another over or two the run-getting was slow. Soon, however, Yates commenced to hit out again, and drove Oliver a long way towards the pavilion for four, following it up with drive off the same bowler for three. The field had now plenty of work to do, and considerable amusement was afforded by the lively manner of a gentleman in a brilliant red and yellow costume which reminded one strongly of Sam Weller's friend "Blazer." Oliver's bowling was punished very severely, both the batsmen sending his balls all about the field, and another change was made in the bowling, Fraser Hore going on at the pavilion end, and Wyer changing to the other wicket, *vice* Lang. Yates skied a ball from Wyer, but West could not quite reach it, and the same batsman immediately afterwards made successively two splendid drives to the off, each for four. He was again let off during the next over being missed both in the field and at the wicket. After another over or two, Wyer removed Anderson's middle stump with a trimmer. Two wickets were now down for 89 runs, and the game looked as if the Bangalore men would run up a big beaten at any rate in only one innings. Anderson was a long time at the wickets for his 28, and played a very careful steady innings, showing thoroughly good cricket. The next man in was Denier, who at once commenced scoring briskly, driving the second ball he received (from Hore) very prettily to the on for four, and treating Wyer, in his next over, in the same manner. Another change in the bowling was made, Lang going on at the pavilion end *vice* Hore. Denier drove him to leg in his first over for 3, and again to square leg for the same number. Richardson soon afterwards took the ball again *vice* Wyer, who took his old place again at the lower end *vice* Lang. Yates was missed again at long field by Cameron, but the next ball Richardson clean bowled him. His score of 60 was got by hard and sometimes reckless hitting. Three wickets down for 121 runs. Wright followed and after an over from Wyer was caught and bowled by Richardson. Four for 123. Gordon followed, and the next to leave was Denier, who after 2 more runs had been added to the score, was caught by Richardson off Wyer. Five for 125. Denier's score was 20. Holland, who took Denier's place, was well caught by McHinch off the first ball he received, the bowler being Richardson. Six for 125. Grover, the next man was run out in attempting a very close run. Seven for 125. Cunliffe took Grover's place, and Gordon, the next ball, was caught and bowled by Wyer. Eight for 125. Grant joined Cunliffe, but they did not remain long together, Cunliffe being caught, off the first ball he received from Richardson at mid on by Tennent. Nine for 125. Directly afterwards, Grant, who had been joined by Pearse, was run out in trying an absurdly narrow run, and the innings closed for the same number to which the score had been raised when the fifth wicket fell. The last six men each made a duck's egg. The following is the complete score:—

BANGALORE.—1ST INNINGS

Capt. Wright	b Wyer.....	7
Lieut. Holland.....	b Wyer.....	8
Sub-Lieut. Cunliffe.....	b Wyer.....	4
Lieut. Yates	b Wyer.....	24
Private Denier.....	c Cameron, b Wyer	0
Capt. Anderson	st Alban, b Richardson.....	28
Sub-Lieut. Dalbiac	not out	24
Capt. Gordon	st Alban, b Richardson.....	0
Sergt. Grover	c N. Oliver, b Richardson..	0
Major Grant.....	c McKenzie, b Wyer	8
Sub-Lieut. Pearse	c Cameron, b Wyer...	3
Byes 2, Wides 1	.....	3
	Total...	82

BANGALORE.—2ND INNINGS.

Capt. Anderson	b Wyer.....	28
Sub-Lieut. Dalbiac	c Lang, b Richardson	9
Lieut. Yates	b Richardson	60
Private Denier.....	Richardson b Wyer	20
Capt. Wright	c and b Richardson	0
Capt. Gordon	c and b Wyer	6
Lieut. Holland.....	ct McHinch, b Richardson	0
Sergt. Grover	run out.....	9
Sub-Lieut. Cunliffe.....	c Tennent, b Richardson..	0
Major Grant.....	run out.....	9
Sub-Lieut. Pearse	not out.....	0
Byes 7, Leg Byes 4, Wides 1	.....	10
	Total...	125

POLO MATCH.

BOMBAY *VS.* POONA.

THE return match between the Bombay and Poona Gymkhanas was played on Saturday last in the presence of a large number of spectators, who frequently manifested the keen interest they took in the game by the shouts of applause with which they greeted good hits of play and telling strokes. The Brigadier General again kindly lent his parade ground for the occasion, and we have no doubt the players duly appreciated the luxury of having so fair a field of battle after having lately played on the Poona ground where, to hit a ball as it rolls or rather bumps along, is a matter of no little difficulty. Here the ground is like a billiard table, and except that it was a little hard and slippery, could not have been better. The bounds were admirably kept by the men of the Marine Battalion, to whom many thanks are due for the efficient way this duty was performed. The Band of the 20th N. I. was in attendance and discoursed the sweetest music throughout the game, and even at the most exciting moment that when the conflict raged furiously just in front of goal, the bewitching strains of "Manolo" could not fail to recall many a pleasant reminiscence.

The game commenced punctually at 4·45 P.M., Bombay playing, with what little wind there was towards the pavilion. The sides in this match were exactly the same as in the first one at Poona, except that Hon. Donald Graham played instead of Mr. Wyer, who had already on the same day been doing good service for Bombay in the cricket match *versus* the Bangalore eleven. The others of the home team were Messrs. Remington Crawley-Boevey and Craigie, while Poona were ably represented by Capt Hogg, Messrs. Steele, Elliott and Joyner.

Captain Hogg and Mr. Craigie raced for the hit off, the former reaching the ball first; he failed, however, to send it on any distance, and Mr. Boevey quickly got hold of it and carried it down towards the Poona goal, Mr. Steele helping it on considerably in his efforts to turn it across the ground. After a couple of minutes' play, it was forced behind the Poona goal line for the first time.

On being brought out again the strangers failed to carry it away from their end, and it was shortly afterwards again hit behind their goal. This time they managed to get it up as far as the tent which was pitched about the centre of the western side of the ground. Some close play then ensued, the ball being carried from touch to touch on either side, till Mr. Remington got hold of it and took it well down to the Poona end. Major Hogg and Mr. Elliott then came to the rescue and brought it right back again past middle of the ground. Mr. Boevey about this time got what looked like a nasty spill, as his pony slipped while rushing for the ball, and they both seemed to come on their heads. They were on their legs again immediately, however, and playing away merrily.

Mr. Craigie, who was playing back for Bombay, got a good smite at the ball and Messrs. Graham and Remington helping it on, the Poona goal was again threatened. For some little time its defenders failed to get the ball away from just in front, but it was finally hit behind the line without result.

Elliott then brought it out and hit it well away. But their anxiety was soon to be renewed as the ball was almost immediately hit back and a back hander from Mr. Remington was pretty close to the flags. For some little time after this the Poona goal was in constant danger, though twice they managed to get it up as far as the tent without being able to take it on.

Captain Hogg and Mr. Steele, however, at last got away with the ball and the home team were put on the defensive. Mr. Boevey then showed us some of his real form and took it right away without being interfered with by Mr. Joyner who sent the ball travelling in the other direction. Captain Hogg was in the right place at the right time, and getting the ball well in front, got a shot at goal which seemed to go to uncommonly close.

In the next four or five minutes the play was pretty even; twice the strangers carried the ball into the neighbourhood of the Bombay goal and twice more was their own goal threatened before half time was called. The pace about this time was very fast, but the play on the whole was not as good as it might have been. Of the Bombay team of course we can judge better as we see more of their play, and we have seen them play better. On both sides there was a want of certainty in hitting the ball, which is hard to account for.

Up to this perhaps Bombay may be said to have had a little the best of it, as they had hit it oftener behind goal; but Poona had their chances too. To a spectator it appears as if too little care was taken in "centering" the ball, and often we noticed a slanting shot taken at goal where it would have been wiser, that is better play, to have hit the ball in front only, trusting to there being some one there to take their direct shot. We think it has been noticed before that the Bombay team do not *play together* enough.

After changing ponies and five minutes' rest, the ball was again set rolling and Mr. Craigie took a turn of work in keeping the ball away from the home goal, while the hard riding of Mr. Elliott and Captain Hogg perpetually frustrated the efforts made by the other Bombayites to get away with the ball. The Hon. D. Graham had now mounted his second tatto "Sandy" which seemed to carry him better, his former pony appearing hardly up to his weight.

Mr. Craigie at last, however, managed to get a long hit at the ball, lifting it over the heads of the crowd as they bore down on him, and getting through them before they had turned, carried the ball right down to the Poona goal, closely followed by Hon. D. Graham, who, however, was stopped in his career by a shot at the ball when Mr. Craigie struck it and was therefore "off side" till an adversary should get between him and the goal.

Just in front of goal Captain Hogg overtook Mr. Craigie, and arrested his stick as he was about to hit the ball through for a goal. Hon. D. Graham then hit "on side," took a shot at goal which passed 2 inches outside the flag. Some minutes were then wasted in discussing the question as to whether Hon. D. Graham was off side or not, which as no goal have been got was perfectly immaterial. We presume the circumstances of the cases as described above were not observed by the umpire or it would have taken very short time to give a decision.

While, however, his side were still stamping in front of goal settling the knotty point, Capt. Hogg, not noticing that they were still so engaged, hit the ball out and Mr. Remington who was waiting some 25 or 30 yards off, met it rolling and sent it through all the Bombay players right between the flags, so scoring first goal for Bombay.

But on this an objection was raised, the visitors maintaining that the ball must be brought out 30 yards; the rules of the Bombay Polo Club, however, lay down 15 yards, and this distance was distinctly marked out with flags on this occasion. The umpires, therefore, decided that it was fairly in play.

A quarter of an hour's play now remained, but want of space prevents our describing this at length. Till just at the end Bombay were certainly hard pressed and their goal was more than once in imminent danger; two or three shots narrowly missed it and for some time, work as they would, the Bombay team could not carry the war into the enemy's country.

At last Mr. Remington managed to get a good hit off and with Mr. Boevey following well up, took the ball to near the Poona goal. After half a minute's play across the front of it, the ball was hit behind near touch on the tent side.

On its being brought out Mr. Remington carried it away towards goal and in the very last half minute the Hon. D. Graham was fortunate enough to get a shot which was successful. This scored a second goal to Bombay to the delight of many of the on-lookers as the renewed cheering testified. The first, it cannot be denied, was got by pure luck, and owing to some of the Poona men being unprepared. It has on this latter account been disallowed, so the home team who only claim to have won by one goal to none.

The match was hard played throughout, and very evenly contested. That it was an extra shade of good fortune that gave Bombay the victory, can hardly be denied.

The Umpires were Captain Henry Keer on behalf of Poona and Mr. Wyer for Bombay. Owing to the place of the games their office was no sinecure; their duties were however carried out to every boy's satisfactory.

We might remark enpassant that it scarcely comes with in the province of an umpire to cheer on either side to Victory, though it must be very comfortable for the cheerer up ones to feel they have his sympathy.

We have already made some remarks on the play. We noticed besides another point in which the play of the Bombay team contrasted with that of their adversaries. The latter always rode hard for the ball; the former, too, often rode where they think the adversary will hit it, laying in wait for it, as it were. The policy it is questionable, especially when two or three forwards do it at the same time, leaving no one to go in at the ball and take it from the striker or baulk him as he hits.

We believe Bombay has never yet been beaten at polo, but, judging from this match, she will have no more of those easy victories we have been accustomed to hear of from Poona.

It is not long since most of us had the definition of a perfect polo player impressed on our minds with more than ordinary emphasis. We only want *practice* to produce lots of them, and if we can only remember to *play the game* can must surely command success.

HIGH COURT.—30TH SEPTEMBER.

washing, as at present, all about the town, and making themselves public nuisances.

On the motion being put to the meeting, the recommendation was carried.

COMPASSIONATE ALLOWANCE.

Sanction was given to the resolution of the Town Council, granting a compassionate allowance of Rs. 117-6-5 to Thackie, widow of Muckoond Dhurmajee, late a peon in the Town Council Office.

THE CARNAC BUNDER DEPOT.

Sanction was asked to an additional expenditure of Rs. 14,750, being the excess over the approximate estimate, for the construction of the Carnac Bunder Night Soil Pumping Station.

Mr. Pedder explained that the main excess was in respect of the estimate for the engine and boiler house, which was originally estimated to cost Rs. 5,000, but which had actually cost Rs. 18,498. It was found that the old walls would not stand the vibration, and the whole had to be rebuilt and also roofed in. The original estimate for the whole was Rs. 45,797 and the actual cost had been Rs. 60,547.

Dr. Blaney moved the adoption of the recommendation.

Mr. Nowrojee Furdoonjee said it had been publicly stated on the authority of the Engineer to the Port Trust that notwithstanding the erection of this pumping station, the nuisance was as bad as before.

Mr. Pedder said he had written to the Port Trust on the subject, and though he had not yet received a reply, he thought his letter would be satisfactory. The fact of the matter was, before the pumps were erected, the Health Officer used to send to the Port Trust statements showing the time during which the depositing of the night-soil in the tanks went on, and those statements continued to be sent in afterwards. They were correct so far as that the night-soil was being deposited in the tanks during the hours named, but the sluice was not opened till after the turning of the high tide. He had examined the returns showing the working of the engines and pumps, and found they were at work on an average for from 39 to 40 minutes after the turning of the high tide. It was never expected that the nuisance would be wholly removed, and the erection of the pumps was only intended as an alleviation, until the depôt at that place could be entirely done away with.

Mr. Sorabjee Shapoorjee Bengalee asked what were the results of the trials with the deodorizing machine.

Mr. Pedder said he did not think it fair to say anything about it until it had received a fair trial. He could assure Mr. Bengalee that no unnecessary money would be thrown away on it.

Dr. Blaney said they ought to have had two machines and a man from England to work them. There had been many difficulties in the way, but the machine was being made a little and little more perfect by degrees. At any rate, it deserved a fair trial, and the Corporation would have the satisfaction that their money was paid for the elucidation of a very important public question.

The Chairman thought the Corporation would be satisfied that the money had been expended for the public good.

The recommendation was adopted.

SALE OF LAND.

Sanction was given to the sale to Messrs. Eduljee and Byramjee Cowasjee Blaney, of 27 4/9 square yards of ground adjoining their house, No. 3, Hornby Row, at Rs. 45 per square yard.

NEW MEMBER.

A memo. from Government, No. 2787, General Department, dated 5th September 1876, appointing Mr. James Bapty as a member of the Corporation in the room of Mr. G. A. Barnett, resigned, was read and recorded.

THE SEWERAGE QUESTION.

The letter was submitted from Messrs. Gotto and Beesley, Great George St., London, proposing to assist the Corporation in carrying out a new surface drainage and sewerage scheme, commencing with a survey to cost £10,000, which was before the Town Council at a recent meeting.

Mr. Pedder having explained that surface drainage works were to be undertaken shortly, a grant of six lakhs of rupees having been made by Government for that purpose, and that both on account of the progress of the water works, and because Government could not grant the money, new sewerage works could not be undertaken at present.

It was resolved, on the motion of Mr. Nanabhoy Byramjee Jeejeebhoy, seconded by Mr. Muncherjee Nowrojee Banajee, that the communication from Messrs. Gotto and Beesley should be recorded and that the Municipal Commissioner should be requested to acknowledge with thanks the receipt of their letter, and to inform them that the Corporation do not at present think it expedient to incur the expense of another survey for planning a new sewerage scheme for the city of Bombay.

THE POSTPONMENT OF THE MEETING.

Mr. Bomanjee Pestonjee Masters wished to know if the Chairman of the Corporation had acted legally in postponing an important meeting from Thursday to Saturday for the frivolous reason of permitting three or four gentlemen to attend a ball at Poona. Especially when he saw Sir Frank Souter's name attached to the requisition, he had been rather thrown aback.

The Chairman (Sir F. Souter)—As I was, I believe, the gentleman who headed the requisition, I will in a few words say that I think really in the absence of our Chairman (Mr. Dosabhoy Framjee) it is excessively bad taste to agitate this matter. (Hear, hear.) I am quite at a loss to see in what manner the public interest can have suffered in the slightest degree. It was very reasonable to suppose that as a State ball was to be given by His Excellency the Governor a number of gentlemen would like to attend there. Whether the postponement was legal or illegal, I can't say. The clerk says it was legal. If the Chairman was present, I dare say he could give a very good reason for his action in the matter; and I think it would be good taste not to discuss this matter in his absence. (Applause.)

The Hon. V. N. Mandlik did not think a matter of this kind should be made the occasion of remark.

The meeting then broke up, declining to hear Mr. Bomanjee further.

NOTICES.

THE FOLLOWING IS AN

EXTRACT FROM A LETTER

dated 15th May 1872, from an old inhabitant of Rivadavia, near Warminster, Wilts:—

"I must also beg to say that your Pills are an excellent medicine for me and I certainly do enjoy good health, sound sleep and a good appetite; this is owing to taking your Pills. I am 78 years old.

Remaining Gent'emen, yours very respectfully, L. S."

To the Proprietors of Norton's Camomile Pills, London.

HIBBERT'S

HEALTH-GIVING

SALINE.

As supplied through the War Office to the Ashantee Expedition.

AND highly recommended by the Medical Profession for its peculiar properties, in that it assists and does not prostrate nature.

It prevents and cures fevers by its cooling and invigorating action on the blood. The disturbed stomach is quieted and the secretions are promoted by its use. It immediately relieves Sick Headache Heartburn, Flatulency and Acidity.

By its influence the liver, whether irritable or torpid, is soothed or roused into healthy action, thus removing the consequent train of Nervous Disorders, Mental Depression, &c.

Gently clearing all obstructive matter from the bowels, without pain, it is invaluable in case of Diarrhœa and Dysentery. It is especially adapted for use in India and the Colonies as a preserver of health.

AGENTS FOR BOMBAY PRESIDENCY:

TREACHER & CO., LIMITED,

BOMBAY BYCULLA, AND POONA.

PATENT WROUGHT NAILS.

J. J. CORDES & Co.,

The Patentees and Sole Manufacturers of the well-known Patent Wrought Nails, commonly known as

"EWBANK'S NAILS,"

desire to make it known that they have adopted a "Star" of "Cross" as their Trade Mark, and that all Nails now made and sent out by them, except clasp, bear this mark upon their heads, and that within every Package sent from their Works is also placed a card bearing their name and address.

Any Nails, therefore, which are not distinguished as above must not be confounded with

"EWBANK'S NAILS,"

he quality of which is so well appreciated as being far superiors to that of any other make.

Dee Works:—NEWPORT, MONMOUTHSHIRE, ENGLAND.

A NEVER FAILING REMEDY

FOR LIVER COMPLAINTS.

DR. SCOTT'S BILIOUS AND LIVER PILLS

PREPARED without any mercurial ingredient. Invaluable to all who suffer from Bilious and Liver Complaints. Indigestion, Wind, Spasms, Nervous Depression, Lassitude, Lowness of Spirits with sensation of fullness at the pit of the Stomach, Giddiness, Dizziness of the Eyes, and many other symptoms. For habitual Costiveness, as a family aperient medicine, and as a purifier of the blood, they are unequalled; mild in operation, and grateful to the stomach create appetite, promote digestion, and strengthen the whole nervous system.

Prepared only by W. LAMBERT, 1A, Vere Street, London W., England. In boxes, 1s 1½d. Sold by all Chemists.

IMPORTANT CAUTION.—Be sure to ask for "Dr. Scott's Bilious and Liver Pills." If you ask for "Scott's Pills," you will get quite a different medicine. If you ask for "Bilious and Liver Pills," you will get a spurious compound. The genuine are in a square green package, and must have the name and address "WILLIAM LAMBERT, 8, KING WILLIAM STREET, CHARING CROSS," engraved on the Government Stamp.

Do not be persuaded to try any other medicine.

SOLE WHOLESALE AGENTS FOR INDIA—Messrs. TREACHER & Co., Limited, Bombay, Byculla, and Poona.

N. B.—The Trade supplied on most liberal terms.

JAMSETJEE NOWROJEE,

CABINET MAKER, UPHOLSTER, & GENERAL MANUFACTURER.

SHOW ROOM

of

CARVED AND PLAIN BLACKWOOD, TEAKWOOD, EBONY,

AND

FANCY GILDED FURNITURE,

FOR

DRAWING AND DINING ROOMS, BOUDOIR, OFFICES, ANTE-ROOM, CAMP, MESSES, AND CLUBS, DURBAR HALLS, &c., &c.

CARRIAGE SHOW ROOM,

NEW AND SECOND HAND CARRIAGES ALWAYS ON VIEW.

Carriages taken on Commission.

THE PICTURE GALLERY

CONTAINS THE LARGEST STOCK IN BOMBAY

OF

OLEOGRAPHS AND CHROMO-LITHOGRAPHS FRAMED IN SUITABLE FRAMES

OF THE

NEWEST PATTERNS.

ALSO, A LARGE STOCK OF

LOOKING GLASSES,

OF VARIOUS SIZES,

FRAMED IN FANCY GILTED FRAMES.

STRANGERS TO BOMBAY SHOULD PAY THIS WELL-KNOWN ESTABLISHMENT A VISIT.

KALBADAVIE ROAD, BOMBAY.

BANKS.

COMPTOIR D'ESCOMPTE DE PARIS

HEAD OFFICE, PARIS.

SUBSCRIBED and PAID-UP CAPITAL.....£3,200,000
RESERVED FUND .....£ 800,000

LONDON BANKERS:
THE BANK OF ENGLAND,
THE UNION BANK OF LONDON,
AND
MESSRS. C. J. HAMBRO AND SON.

CURRENT DEPOSITS.

INTEREST is allowed at TWO PER CENT. per annum on the minimum monthly balances.

Terms for Deposits at 7 and 14 days' notice and at 3, 6, and 12 months certain may be obtained on application to the Bank.

All remittances should be made payable to the Comptoir d'Escompte de Paris.

A. RENAUD, Manager.

14, Rampart Row, W.

THE AGRA BANK (LIMITED.)

CAPITAL £1,000,000.
RESERVE FUND £80,000.

BOMBAY BRANCH.

CURRENT ACCOUNTS are kept, and interest allowed when the Credit Balance does not fall below Rs. 1,000.

DEPOSITS received available at any time, for Remittance to England in the Bank's Bills and Interest allowed thereon at the rate of 4 per cent. per annum.

DEPOSITS are also received for fixed periods on terms which may be learnt on application.

DRAFTS granted at the exchange of the day on London, Scotland, Ireland, and the Bank's Agencies in the East.

CIRCULAR NOTES issued, negociable in the principal Places in Europe.

GOVERNMENT and other STOCKS, and SHARES bought and sold, and the safe custody of the same undertaken.

INTEREST, PAY and PENSIONS collected; and every other description of Banking Business and Money Agency transacted.

All Remittances should be made payable to the Agra Bank Limited.

Bombay, 10th April 1875.

HONGKONG AND SHANGHAI BANKING CORPORATION.

PAID UP CAPITAL.....Dollars 5,000,000
RESERVE FUND ..... ,, 200,000

LONDON BANKERS.
THE LONDON AND COUNTY BANK.

CURRENT DEPOSIT ACCOUNTS opened and INTEREST allowed. FIXED DEPOSITS Received on the following terms, viz:—

Subject to 12 months' notice of withdrawal Interest at 5 per cent. per annum.

Do. 6 do. do. at 4 do.

For shorter periods special arrangements can be made on terms to be ascertained on application. All letters to be addressed and remittances made payable to the Hongkong and Shanghai Banking Corporation.

G. E. NOBLE, Agent.

Elphinstone Circle.

INSSURANCE.

ROYAL EXCHANGE ASSURANCE CORPORATION.—Policies covering the risk of Fire on Merchandise and buildings in Bombay are issued by

REMINGTON & Co.,

Agents, Royal Exchange Assurance Corporation.

Bombay, 16th August, 1875

THE LIVERPOOL and LONDON and GLOBE INSURANCE COMPANY.

Policies of Insurance against Fire, upon Dwelling Houses and other Buildings in both the Native and Native parts of the Island of Bombay, continue to be issued by the undersigned on behalf of the above Company.

The rate on Pucka-built Bungalows situated outside the Fort of Bombay, or in any part of the Bombay Presidency, is now reduced to (6) six annas per cent. per annum.

RITCHIE, STEUART & Co.

HOTELS.

MALABAR HOTEL,

BREACH CANDY, BOMBAY.

ADJACENT to the Sea and Swimming Baths. Half hour's drive from the Fort.

Situation the most healthy and beautiful and the accommodation superior to any other Hotel in Bombay.

TERMS—Rs. 5 PER DAY (NO EXTRAS.)

Special arrangements for lengthened periods.

W. H. SARGENT, Proprietor

THE BYCULLA HOTEL,

BELLASIS AND CLARE JUNCTION.

JEEVANJEE & Co., Byculla.

NOTICES.

FRASER AND MILLER,

ENGINEERS, IRON AND BRASS FOUNDERS, BOILER-MAKERS, BLACKSMITHS, MANUFACTURERS OF GIRDERS,

BOILERS, PUMPS, &c.

Carnac Iron Works, Bombay, 20th May 1875.

BOMBAY SCOTTISH EDUCATION SOCIETY.

BYCULLA SCHOOL—PAREL ROAD.

Head Master—Mr. JAMES MCDONALD, } With Assistants.
Head Mistress—Mrs. MCDONALD,

FORT SCHOOL—HUMMUM STREET.

Head Master—Mr. A. D. SMEATON, } With Assistants.
Head Mistress—Mrs. SMEATON,

Music Master—Mr. JOSEPH SCHMUCK.

D. C. BOYD, } Honorary Secretaries.
D. MACPHERSON,

Boarders (Boys and Girls) are received by Mr. and Mr. McDonald, and by Mr. and Mrs. Smeaton,

Bombay, January, 1874.

S. EDELTSEIN,

PRACTICAL BOOT MAKER,

BEGS to NOTIFY that having received a SPLENDID LOT of ALL KINDS OF LEATHER from FRANCE and ENGLAND, is now in a position to execute all orders for Boots and Shoes in the shortest notice.

S. Edeltsein has had many years of practical experience in some of the largest establishments in Vienna, and guarantees that all orders addressed to his care will be executed to satisfaction.

Prices moderate.

S. EDELSTEIN,
Hungarian Boot Maker.

39, Meadow Street.

ALWAYS ON HAND,

AT

P. GRANT AND SON'S,

2, RAMPART ROW,

SADDLERY AND HARNESS

OF EVERY DESCRIPTION,

WHIPS, SPURS,

AND

MILITARY ACCOUTREMENTS.

TEETH! TEETH!! TEETH!!!

J. J. L. DAVIS, Surgeon Dentist from the Dental Hospital, inserts Mineral Teeth over the most sensitive gums and stumps without pain or inconvenience; in appearance quite equal to nature, while for mastication and articulation they cannot be equalled.

Extraction, stopping and scaling, Rs. 5.
Children's Teeth carefully regulated.

Fort: Address.—Rampart Row, next, to Messrs. THOMPSON TAYLOR & Co., Chemists and Druggists.

Consultation daily from 10 A.M. *to* P.M.

TENTS! TENTS!! TENTS!!!

SUPERIOR TENTS of all kinds and sizes, manufactured to order on the shortest notice. A large selection of ready made Tents, both new and second hand, new linened with carpets, checks, and furniture, or without furniture, for sale and on hire at reasonable prices, and rates can be had on application to the Undersigned, from whom full particulars can be obtained. Inspection is invited.

ADUMJEE PEERBHOY,
Government Tent Contractor and Timber Merchant.

No. 4, Old Immambarra, Bhendy Bazaar, Bombay.

WHEELER & WILSON'S CELEBRATED SILENT LOCK-STITCH SEWING MACHINES.

HIGHEST HONOURS at the latest Vienna Exhibition. Patronised by the Royal Family.

Instruction to purchasers gratis. Packing free.

Silk, Thread, Needles and spare articles always on hand.

Samples on view.

DOSSABHOY MERWANJEE & Co.,
Sole Agents,
7, Parsee Bazar Street.

FOR SALE.

A VERY handsome pair of well matched CHESTNUT PEGU PONIES, rising five years old, 12½ hands high, well built and very fast in Single or Double Harness or Saddle. both have been ridden by a lady and gentleman. For terms, &c., address "H. G. P." care of Messrs. JAFFER SULLIMAN and Co., Bombay, where the Ponies can be seen on one hour's notice being given either in Hummum Street, Fort, or at the Girgaum Establishment.

EASTERN AND AUSTRALIAN MAIL STEAM COMPANY (LIMITED).

UNDER POSTAL CONTRACT WITH THE QUEENSLAND GOVERNMENT.

For the CONVEYANCE of PASSENGERS and CARGO between LONDON, SINGAPORE, HONGKONG, and AUSTRALIA, via TORRES STRAITS.

GUTHRIE & CO.,
General Agents, Singapore.

For Time Tables, Rates of Freight and Passage, and other information, apply to

LYALL, RENNIE & CO., Agents,
Calcutta.

S. D'ESPERANCE,

COPPER-PLATE ENGRAVER & PRINTER.

BRASS STAMPS, OFFICIAL SEALS,
STEEL DIES WITH CRESTS,
ARMORIAL BEARINGS, MONOGRAMS, &c., &c.
ENGRAVED and EMBOSSED in COLOURS, Neatly and with Despatch.

BOMBAY:—35, MEADOW STREET, FORT.

CUTLER, PALMER & CO.,

DEAN LANE, BOMBAY,

AND HARE STREET, CALCUTTA.

PATRONS.

HER MAJESTY THE QUEEN,

THE ADMIRALTY,

OWNERS OF INDIA, CHINA AND AUSTRALIAN S.S. LINES, THE PENINSULAR AND ORIENTAL COMPANY.

AGENTS FOR

MESSRS. WACHTER & Co., Epernay; MESSRS. BISQUIT, DUBOUCHE & Co., Cognac; and MESSRS. LEAL BROS, Madeira.

The amount of Duty and Dues on Wines, Spirits, Cordials, etc., at per case of one doz. qts. or two doz. pints is as follows:—

On Clarets and Burgundies, Rs. 2; German Still Wines, Sherries and Ports, Rs. 3; Sparkling Wines, Rs. 5; Spirits and Cordials, Rs. 8. Town Dues, 8 annas per Case.

This Cash charge we add to our in Bond prices.

LOSS OF EXCHANGE NOTIFICATION.

The complications to merchants and others trading in India, arising from constant and violent fluctuations in the rate of exchange between that Empire and England, have caused us no little anxiety. We have not been at all willing to increase prices, but have been compelled hitherto to add to our invoices some of the loss that the excessive low rate of exchange caused.

In prospect of a more settled state of affairs, and in deference to the expressed wishes of many of our large buyers, we have now included in our prices a proportion of the loss we are experiencing, so that we now add to our In Bond quotations only the cash charges imposed by Government for Duty and Dues. We are aware that most of our competitors include the expenditure for such items IN their quotations, but it must be evident to the most ordinary mind that this course necessitates the addition of profit to the same to allow for credit and discounts off the selling rate. We prefer that our buyers should know the cost of Duties, so that in the present unsettled condition of the Indian Government's financial affairs, any further change made may be clear, and that it may be apparent that we wish for neither profit nor loss on such disbursements. As the oldest house in India in our trade, as shippers in the old country since 1815, we profess to understand our business, and our markets.

BORDEAUX—RED.

	In Bond. Per 1 doz. Quarts and 2 doz. Pints. Rupees. Qrs.	Pts.
PICHON LONGUEVILLE, 1863, Vintage, a very rare Wine	Rs. 55	—
CHATEAU LAFITE, or MOUTON, } After Dinner }	30	32
,, RAUZAN } Wines. }	25	27
,, PALMER }	22	24
,, LAROSE } Dinner }	19	21
,, St. JULIEN } Wines. }	16	18
,, CANTENAC }	14	16
ST. ESTEPHE, a favourite	12	14
PETIT MEDOC, excellent for Cup	9½	11½
PAUILLAC	9	10½

CLARET IN WOOD.

	Of about 23 Quarter Cask.	46 Gals. Hdbs.
CHATEAU MOUTON	266	530
,, RAUZAN	205	410
,, PALMER	178	353
,, LAROSE	142	280
St. JULIEN	110	216
CANTENAC	90	174
St. ESTEPHE	70	134
MEDOC	55	100

The past five years' purchases made from the Vineyards by our Mr. CUTLER have been most successful. We are now shipping under our respective marks, CLARETS that cannot fail to be appreciated.

WHITE.

	Qrs.	Pts.
VERMOUTH	17	—
HAUT SAUTERNES, delicate flavor Red cap	21	23
SAUTERNE (Barsac), light, white cap	16	18

BURGUNDY—RED.

CHAMBERTIN, the *elite* of Burgundies	30	32
NUITS or CORTON, high class Wine	24	26
VOLNAY, strongly recommended	20	22
BEAUNE, soft delicate flavor	16	18
SPARKLING Red Burgundy	34	36

WHITE.

CHABLIS, La Moutonne, fine white cap	24	26
CHABLIS, light, pleasant Wine	15	17

CHAMPAGNES.

FINEST EXTRA DRY, a Grand Wine	44	48
WACHTER'S "PRINCE OF WALES' BRAND	44	48
Ditto, ditto, per hamper of 24 half-pints	39	—
GIESLER'S	44	48
FINE DRY SPARKLING	33	30
GOOD SPARKLING (Star)	34	38
CARTE BLANCHE (Sibadey's), light, particularly dry	27	30
CARTE ROUGE	18	20

SPARKLING GERMAN WINES.

	Qts.	Pts.
HOCK, NONPAREIL, extra quality, medium dry	39	41
HOCK, MUSCATEL, very choice	29	31
,, EXCELLENT WINE	24	26
MOSELLE, NONPAREIL, the finest quality	39	41
MOSELLE, MUSCATEL, good flavored	29	31
MOSELLE, EXCELLENT CHEAP WINE	24	26

STILL.

HOCK, JOHANNISBERGER, superb	45	47
,, MARCOBRUNNER	37	—
,, RUDESHEIMER, mellow	27	29
,, HOCHHEIMER, fine flavored	24	26
,, LAUBENHEIMER, light refreshing	16	19
LIEBFRAUMILCH	32	—
RED HOCK ASSMANHAUSER	23	25
STEIN-WEIN in BOCKSBEUTEL	27	29
MOSELLE, BRAUNBERGER, delicate	27	29

H. M. THE KING OF PORTUGAL has for some time accorded his PATRONAGE to Messrs. LEAL BROS & Co., who, now that nine consecutive good VINTAGES have occurred since the re-cultivation of the Vineyards, are desirous of prominently bringing their MADEIRA before Indian consumers, who some time since were the largest buyers of this Wine. Messrs. LEAL BROS. & Co. have APPOINTED US their SOLE AGENTS IN INDIA.

We offer the following less 10 per cent. for Cash.

	In Bond. Per Qr. Rs.	Cask.
M Young Madeira	103	Octave.
Lacryma	120	,, ,,
O M Young Madeira	122	,, ,,
O M Old do.	142	,, ,,
S Choice South-Side Madeira	174	,, ,,
O S very choice Old South-Side Madeira	105	,, ,,
R very Choice and Highly-flavoured Reserved Madeira	120	,, ,,
O R very Choice and Highly-flavoured Reserved Madeira	136	,, ,,
E O R very Choice and Highly-flavoured Extra Reserved Madeira	148	,, ,,
Patherinho, delicately-flavoured Pale Reserved Madeira	90	,, ,,

SHERRIES.

	Per doz. Rs.	Qts.
AMONTILLADO A 1, rare old.....gold seal	35	
AMONTILLADO, choice & superior..black seal	33	
MONTILLA, Extra pale and dry	24	
AMOROSO, full flavored soft Pale...red seal	25	
VINO PURO, very pale, dry.....blue seal	22	
OLOROSO, nutty and dry .....green seal	21	
MANZANILLA.....red seal	19	
PALE, dry medium .....yellow seal	18	
VINO DE PASTO, remarkably pale and very dry .....pink seal	17	
A GOOD DINNER WINE.....white seal	14	
MARSALA, VIRGIN, pale, fine flavor	14	
MADEIRA, E. I. very superior.....red seal	34	
MADEIRA, E. I., excellent Wine.....black seal	31	

SHERRIES IN WOOD AND JARS (Wickered.)

	All in Bond in India, 4 Gals. per Jar. Octaves. Rs.	13½ Gals. 27 Quarter Cask. Rs.	27 Gals. 54 Gals. Hhds. Rs.
Amontillado, A 1	65	210	410
Amontillado, Black seal quality	62	194	378
Amoroso	47	143	276
Oloroso	37	112	215
Vino Puro	38	114	220
Manzanilla	34	102	194
Yellow seal	31	92	177
Vino de Pasto	29	82	155
White seal	27	66	123

746 544 420 430 380 340 300 238

The Quarter Casks, Octaves and Jars are very convenient for Families, and will be found most economical. Jars with Wood Taps Rs. 1½ or with Plated Taps Rs. 4. extra.

PORTS. In Bond.

	Qrs.	Pts.
OLD CRUSTED, very choice, (some years in bottle)	34	—
INVALID'S full-bodied gold Capsule	24	26
DESSERT WINE, superior Black seal	20	22
A GOOD SOUND FULL WINE, red seal	16	18
SACRAMENTAL WINES	20	—

PORTS IN WOOD.

	Per Octaves.	Per Cask.	Quarter Cask.	Per Hhds.
Port, red seal	84	154	294	
,, black seal	95	178	344	
Invalid's quality	120	230	448	

SPIRITS. In Bond.

The HEART SHAPED LABEL, which we originally introduced and by which our Cognac became so universally known throughout India, was once exclusively used by us as our own, it long ceased to satisfy us since it became common property. Our QUALITIES are now DESIGNATED BY "STARS" as adopted by the principal Cognac houses. Our arrangements at Charente and Cognac enable us to offer Brandies on exceptionally favorable terms to Messrs, Traders and consumers generally We challenge competition.

		Per dozen.
P.C. *	Blue Capsule	Rs. 16 0
Do.	in Flasks	9 0
Do.	Half flasks	5 10
P.C. **	White Capsule	18 0
Do.	do. in Pint Flasks	10 0
S.O.P. ***	Yellow Capsule	22 0
Do.	do. in Pint Fisaks	12 0
V.S.O.P ****	Black Capsule	26 0
Do.	do in Pints flasks	14 0

RUM, the finest old Jamaica	14	0
Do fine "Pine apple"	11	8
GIN, London Old Tom, first quality	14	0
FIELDS GIN	14	0
WHISKY, Irish and Scotch, fine, old, pure,	15	0
GENEVA, in flasks, the best	9	8

SPIRITS IN WOOD.

	Per Gals. Without Jar Rs.	20 Gals. Per Cask. Rs.	Per Quarter. 27 Gall. Cask. Rs.
COGNAC, No. ****	9-4	186	...
,, ,, ***	7-4	148	...
,, ,, **	5-8	141	...
,, ,, *	5-0	102	...

The Jars can be returned for re-filling. We keep stocks of bright Sherries and Cognacs in wood. An allowance of price charged for the Jar will be made, deducting all outlay for carriage to godown.

Empty Jars for	Ditto	1 Gall Rs. 2	0 Each
Do.	do.	2 ,, ,, 3	0 ,,
Do.	do.	4 ,, ,, 4	0 ,,

BISQUIT, DUBOUCHE & Co.'s COGNACS.

	In Bond. Qrs.	Pts.
* ONE STAR, in great demand	15	0
* ONE STAR, Glass-stoppered Barrel Bottles	16	0
* ONE STAR, Crystal Barrel 2 Gall = 1 Dozen	23	0
* ONE STAR, Flasks, per case of 2 doz	17	0
* ONE STAR, Half-Flasks, per case of 4 doz	19	0
** TWO STARS	21	8
*** THREE STARS, superior	21	8
**** FOUR STARS, extra superior recommended	32	8

LIQUEURS.

	Qts.	Pts.
CURACAO, Orange and White Amsterdam	40	42
CHARTREUSE GREEN per Bottle	7½	—
Do. YELLOW ,, ,,	6	—
MARASCHINO DI ZARA, best	44	48
NOYAU best	40	—
CHERRY BRANDY, best Copenhagen	30	32
ORANGE BITTERS, best	17	—
"KILL THE CROW" BITTERS, a novelty	27	—
ASSORTED LIQUEURS CHOICE	—	24

BASS' INDIA PALE ALE,

All charges included.

Bottled by our London Firm.

Casks containing 3 doz. qts. Rs. 6-4 per doz. NET CASH.
,, ,, 6 ,, pts. 4-4 ,, ,,

COOPER A VATTING OF STOUT AND PORTER.

Bottled by the London Cooper Company.

Casks containing 3 doz. qts. Rs. 6-4 per doz. Net Cash.
,, ,, 6 ,, pts. 4-4 ,, ,,

GUINNESS'S STOUT.

Bottled by MOLINE and Company.

Cask containing 3 doz. qts. Rs. 6-8 per doz. NET CASH
,, ,, 6 ,, pts. ,, 4-8 ,, ,,

TERMS.

An order for 3 cases accompanied by cash carries 10 per cent discount off Bond prices.
Three months' Credit without discount to approved Buyers.
Special Terms to Messes, Clubs, and Co-operative Societies.
Single Dozen orders subject to 5 per cent. for Cash off Bond price.

N. B.—Forwarding charges we add to the above rates. We guarantee each case to contain its FULL complement of bottles when despatched, and agree to take back or exchange any Wine that may not be approved of ON ARRIVAL BUT NOT AFTERWARDS.

☞ *Mofussil Constituents are requested, before taking delivery of their goods, to see that the weight agrees with the Railway receipt.*

LOCK-STITCH SEWING MACHINES.

BEFORE buying any other, the Public are requested to see the Machines or send for the Prospectus to

THE SINGER MANUFACTURING CO.,

BOMBAY: 6, Elphinstone Circle.

CALCUTTA: 2, Chowringhee Road.

Agency Camp Deolali:—KHURSEDJI DOSSABHAI.

THE LARGEST, CHEAPEST, AND THE BEST ASSORTMENT OF TWEEDS IN BOMBAY.

TWEEDS AT A GREAT REDUCTION OF PRICES.

COATS'D B. and TROUSERS, fine Wool, strong, and just the thing for Office or Jungle Wear	Rs.	16 to	20
SCOTCH TWEED, superior quality, COATS and TROUSERS	,,	25 to	30
WEST OF ENGLAND TWEED, New Pattern, ditto ditto	,,	35 to	40
SILK MIXED TWEEDS and Fancy Coatings, ditto ditto	,,	45 to	50

JUST ARRIVED,

ALLAN'S CYCLONIAN WATERPROOF SUITS.

WELL-KNOWN TO RESIST THE SEVEREST WEATHER AND WARRANTED NOT TO STRIK TOGETHER.

For Suits, send size of chest, Height and ..... Rs. 27
Military Regulation Waterproof Capes 35

A. ALLAN,

TAILOR, OUTFITTER AND HOSIER, 17, APOLLO STREET.

THE GENUINE GRAND SQUARE

"SYMPATHETIC" PIANOFORTE.

Sole Agents in Bombay, S. Rose & Co.

These Noted Pianos are guaranteed to stand the climate in any part of India. They are unrivalled for Tone, Touch, Finish, and Durability.

New and Second-hand Pianofortes.

Grand Square Pianofortes by Broadwood and Sons, or by Collard and Collard ..... from Rs. 250 to Rs. 550
Semi-Grand Pianofortes by Broadwood and Sons, Collard and Collard, or by Stodart ..... Net Cash— Rs. 400
Moroso ..... ,, 300 to ,, 450
Full Grand Pianofortes, by Collard & Collard, Broadwood and Sons, or by Stodart ..... Rs. 450 to Rs. 1,200

Pianofortes sold on the New System of Hire. Terms on application.

Repairs of every description of Musical Instruments by experienced European Assistants to S. Rose & Co.

The New Alexandre Organ.

Solid Walnut Resonant Case, Type C, Compass 5 Octaves, F to F, size 3 feet 6 inches wide; 1 foot 5 inches deep; 3 feet 2 inches high, 3 stops ..... Net Cash— Rs. 400
Solid Walnutwood Resonant Case, Compass 5 Octaves, F to F; 9 Stops—Flute; Liebich Gedact; Dulciana; Vox Humana; Gamba; Diapason; Principal; Sub Bass; Automatic Swell; Knee Swell. The tone is soft and full. The wind easily sustained ..... Net Cash... Rs. 800

Alexandre's Harmoniums.

Solid Oak Case, 5 Octaves, Compass C to C and 2 blowers ..... Rs. 100
Solid Oak Case, 5 Octaves, Compass C to C and 2 blowers, Broad Reed, superior finish 120
Solid Mahogany Cases, 5 Octaves, Compass F to F, 2 blowers, Broad Reed superior finish 140
Solid Oak Case, 5 Octaves, Compass F to F, 2 blowers, 9 Stops, Organ toned 200
Solid Oak Harmonium specially constructed for India, with 2 rows of Keys, couplers, 2½ Octaves of Pedals, Pedal Swell, Pedal Stock, and Expression Stop ..... Rs. 1,000

HARMONIUM "EXPRESSIF."

In Oak Case, 5 Octaves, Compass C to C with 6 Stops, Wind Indicator and Pedal Protector 250
In handsome Rosewood Case, do. do. 300

American Organs by Mason and Hamlin.

Portable, Four-Octaves, Single Reed, with Automatic Swell, Improved Bellows, Two Pedals, Improved Reed Valves, Walnut Case ..... Rs. 300
MASON and HAMLIN'S American Organ Five-Octaves, Double Reed. Five Stops, Automatic Swell, Knee Swell; self-adjusting Reed Valves; Improved Bellows; Ivory fronts to Keys; Clothed Mortises, &c., Patent Resonant Case. Panelled front and sides, best finish, Walnut Case ..... Cash, Rs. 550

Pianofortes, Harmoniums and Organs tuned by contract.

PIANOFORTE HIRE AND PIANOFORTE TUNING.

S. ROSE & Co. have just received a number of splendid 7 Octaves New Sympathetic Grand Squares, which S. ROSE & Co. are prepared to let out on hire on special terms, *inclusive of tuning.*

N.B.—S. ROSE & Co. are the sole appointed Agents and Importers of the noted Sympathetic Piano.

PIANOFORTES are kept in tune at the lowest contract rates by the half-year or year. S. ROSE & Co. have secured the services of an excellent Pianoforte Tuner from London.

REPAIRS OF PIANOS AND OTHER MUSICAL INSTRUMENTS.

THE BOMBAY MUSICAL DEPOT.—Pianofortes are let out on hire at POONA and in the Bombay Presidency at moderate rates

10, Meadow Street, Fort, Bombay.

S. ROSE & CO., 10, MEADOW STREET, FORT, BOMBAY.

TAILORING DEPARTMENT.

BADHAM & CO. invite attention to their large and choice *Stock* OF *Coatings, Whip Cords, Trowserings, Riding Cords, Vestings, Shetland Spuns, &c.*

We guarantee fit and style equal to the best London